

# The Bankers of Wood County

The Bankers of Wood county understand as you do, that every individual person in the County SHOULD and WILL buy a Liberty Bond if at all possible.

We are ready to assist you in every way possible, entirely free of charge.

If desired we will loan you the money at 4 per cent interest up to \$200, you to pay one-tenth of the amount down and the balance in six equal monthly installments.

Let us pull together and make the Second Liberty Loan the success it should and must be.

## SIGNED

American National Bank.....Marshfield  
Auburndale State Bank.....Auburndale  
Bank of Grand Rapids.....Grand Rapids  
Citizens National Bank.....Grand Rapids  
Dairyman's State Bank.....Arpin  
First National Bank.....Grand Rapids  
First National Bank.....Marshfield  
Marshfield State Bank.....Marshfield  
Milladore State Bank.....Milladore  
Nekoosa State Bank.....Nekoosa  
Pittsville State Bank.....Pittsville  
State Bank of Vesper.....Vesper  
Wood County National Bank.....Grand Rapids

(adverted and paid for by the above banks)

## Uncle Sam's Kitchen at The Reiland Packing Company

As every father is bound to protect the health of his family, so is Uncle Sam doing his duty to shield your health. In our sausage kitchen he has his official representatives overlooking all manipulations. They are watching carefully the sanitary conditions during the process of the manufacturing of our well known BANNER BRAND SAUSAGE.

He looks after the selection of the right kind of meats, choice spices, and last but not least, the containers (casings) to be used for our sausage. So that the consuming public can be sure that they get nothing but a wholesome article which is fit for human food.

Insist that your dealer sell to you only Government inspected sausage, which you can easily detect as all such sausage is stamped with the official establishment number 760, manufactured by the Reiland Packing Company, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Through this you only show gratitude toward Uncle Sam's effort to maintain the nation's health.

REILAND PACKING CO. - Grand Rapids, Wis.

OLD PEYTON GRAVELY MADE THE FIRST PLUG OF TOBACCO THAT EVER WAS MADE.

NO MAN EVER MADE AS GOOD.

GRAVELY'S CELEBRATED Chewing Plug

BEFORE THE INVENTION OF OUR PATENT PROOF POUCH GRAVELY PLUG TOBACCO MADE STRICTLY FOR ITS CHEWING QUALITY WOULD NOT KEEP FRESH IN THIS SECTION. NOW THE PATENT POUCH KEEPS IT FRESH AND CLEAN AND GOOD.

A LITTLE CHEW OF GRAVELY IS ENOUGH AND LASTS LONGER THAN A BIG CHEW OF ORDINARY PLUG.

R.B. Gravelly Tobacco Co. Danvers, Mass.

TAKE IT FROM BILLY POSTER. HIS BILLBOARDS ARE SPREADING THE GOOD NEWS.

SCUTTLE I. The summer's heat has left us—Alas, no more. Or heat that is no more. When we preferred to snore. But now is gently falling. And now—upon my scull—My good wife keeps me in the scuttles full of coal.

SCUTTLE II. When I am calmly reading A tender little poem, The while I am feeding The "think-works" in my dome—When things look sweet and rosy, By good, upon my scull—Just when I'm feeling cozy—It's "Hubby, get the coal!"

SCUTTLE III. I love my little woman—Just darn that kitchen range! It tries just like a furnace—My life's made to derange. It sort of gets my "name"—I dive down like a mole Into that place uncanny To get the dogged coal.

SCUTTLE IV. And so I grab the scuttle And stumble down the stair—Through angry words I guggle I'd like to ravo and tear. It sort of paves a fella—It jars his very soul—To amble down the cellar To get the dogged coal.

FIRE'S OUT! That old, dogged fire Is always burning low—It has a mean desire To rile a man, you know. Just when I'm feeling cozy—Then comes the solemn droll—"It's gutting late, dear Hubby; You'd better get the coal!"

SUPPER AND SALE The Ladies' League of the German Evangelical church will hold a sale and supper on Saturday next, Oct. 20, at 6 A. M. hall, commencing at 10:30 in the morning.

Young man, what do you mean to be?

"Take time—consider. You are the designer; you must select the pattern for your future. A hasty start won't hasten success. Each time you change your mind and shift your occupation you must re-learn and re-earn. Until you elect a definite course you must accept guidance."

Every successful man's advice to—  
"day is 'To Save Your Money'! Keep it. One dollar will start you. Bring it to Our Bank today!"

Saving Makes Men.

Citizens National Bank  
Grand Rapids, Wis.

## SOUSA'S BAND TO BE HERE

John Philip Sousa and his world famous band will be in Grand Rapids on Monday, October 22, on which occasion there will be a parade and free concert at the Amusement hall, to which the people of Grand Rapids and vicinity are invited. The band will arrive in the city at 3:30 in the afternoon, and after supper there will be a parade, following which there will be a concert in the Amusement hall, all of which will be free.

Martin Gillen of Racine will also give a talk to those assembled at the Amusement hall. Mr. Gillen is one of the best talkers in the state and everybody should make it a point to hear him. The whole affair will be in the interest of the second Liberty Loan. Make it a point to be present.

## LOCAL BOY SCOUTS WIN BRONZE MEDALS

Seven of the local Boy Scouts have won medals for their work of selling government bonds, and on Friday evening it is proposed to hold a meeting and sort of a little celebration at which the boys will be presented with their medals with proper ceremonies. An offer was made to present each boy with a medal who sold over ten bonds, and those who won in the contest are Glen Holcomb, Clarence Searls, Harold Bell, James Conway, Ronald Reed and Robert Collier.

A very interesting program has been prepared for the occasion and it is hoped and expected that the boys will have a big turnout. The band has agreed to be on hand to render some music for the occasion, and there will be speeches by prominent citizens, and everything possible will be done to make the presentation impressive and entertaining and one to be remembered by the boys.

The Scouts will launch a similar campaign starting next Saturday when the government will give medals to those who sell over ten bonds, and also to those who sell over ten bonds.

Why live up here in wind-swept, blizzard-soured, snow-bound Wisconsin, where there is a hard winter and winter and two months early in the spring and two months late in the fall each year, when it is possible, for the nominal price of two dollars an acre, to buy a farm in fair Oklahoma, where fruit grows spontaneously and they cut five crops of alfalfa a year, and where everything that will grow out of doors can be raised with a minimum of labor and a maximum of production. Where the thermometer gets down to zero only once in a dog's age and where a winter lasts for only six weeks out of the year. Where there's all kinds of land that can be imagined and where besides the crops that grow on the surface, there are mineral deposits underneath, and where you may have an oil well right in your back yard you only have the ambition to drill down and get it. Where the farmer can take a length of iron pipe and a maul and go out and put down a drive well, and where he wants to all the tank of his Pierce-Arrow with gasoline, all he has to do is to pump it out of the bowels of the earth. We repeat, why live up here where coal costs nine dollars a ton, and hard to get at, and where there is a lack of plenty where there is a dig on the market and a fur coat would not get a pleasant look from a beggar. A place where the winter is so short that sometimes it gets by without your noticing it at all, and a place where gas is so cheap that they use it to breathe with instead of all of those winter coats and a hundred other things that cannot be called to mind just now, according to the dope handed out at the advertising car that has been in the city for several days just giving out information about Oklahoma. The way they explain it to a fellow it seems almost too good to be true, but then, it is not at all probable that they would lie about a small matter of this kind. The men in the car explain that they are just working on a salary, which goes along just the same whether Sackler or Wagoner or Hull or not, so there would be no object in their stretching the truth or saying anything that was not consistent with strict veracity. No but a fellow cannot get on from home and hear some of the good things they say about Wisconsin once in a while when they are trying to sell land up in this country. It would make him more contented with his lot and make him believe that the country amounts to something.

"HUBBY, GET THE COAL!"

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Stevens Point Journal: Louis Whitman, Stevens Point teamster, whose name is posted at the saloons, died the day a few days ago and proceeded to take aboard as much liquor as he could carry.

"Then like a damn fool," he told Cogan, "I went to the saloon and into the town of Lincolnville killed two calves belonging to other men I found in the pasture and brought the meat to town and sold it to Robert Cogan, a butcher on McCulloch street."

On Whitman's reappearance in the city the police picked him up and brought him before Cogan on the charge of a violation of the Liquor Law. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$10 and costs of \$14.50. He immediately gave the chief a check for \$15 and was set free to go to the Citizens National bank and cashed it. It is now suspected that the fine was paid with money obtained from the sale of the meat. Whitman was fined for one carcass and \$27 for the other.

After Whitman had got three settlements in the first case, he was escorted right over to the county jail and locked up on the second charge.

TO EXPEDITE SHIPMENTS

It is estimated that the movement of freight cars in Chicago will be expedited at least 15 per cent as a result of action taken today by the local car service commission of the American Railway Association.

It is understood that similar action probably will be taken by other local commissions throughout the country, thus in effect adding many thousands to the number of freight cars available for service.

The railroads of the Chicago district have been operating under a rule which required every box car when unloaded at a junction point with the road over to be immediately turned to the owner yard, even though the shipper might have no shipments to make over the owner road, and at the same time might have shipments to make over other roads.

Consequently, in many cases this caused delay and loss to both shippers and railroads and involved a great deal of switching and hauling of empty cars.

Under the rule adopted today any box car unloaded in Chicago may be immediately reloaded for movement over any railway to any point in the United States, regardless of the ownership of the car.

The new rule is in accordance with the aim of the Railroads' War Board to secure the greatest possible use of all railway facilities during the war crisis and it is likely that within a short time the rule will be placed in effect throughout the country.

The Liberty Bond sale is now on. Come forward with your subscription for one or more.

President Wilson has designated Wednesday, October 24, as Liberty Loan Day, and in order to properly carry out the spirit of the occasion many cities are going to have a public demonstration on that day. In Chicago there will be a parade and speaking and everything possible will be done to impress upon the public mind the importance of the occasion and the necessity of coming to the aid of the country and buying one of the Liberty Bonds.

Every citizen is taking an interest in the new Liberty Loan, and there is no question but what a larger number of small investors will buy bonds than there have ever been before in the history of the country. Some provision should be made to observe the Liberty Loan Day in this city.

UNCLE SAM NEEDS 10,000 STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS AT ONCE

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17.—Now that Uncle Sam has the young men of the country in training for military service, he finds that he needs 10,000 typewriter operators and stenographers and typewriters, both men and women, for the departments at Washington. The Civil Service Commission has notified all of its 3,000 boards of examiners that they should put forth their best efforts to secure these urgently needed workers. While examinations are now held weekly in 450 cities, the commission states that arrangements will be made to have an examination held at any place where a small class of applicants can be secured. The entrance salaries range from \$1,000 to \$1,200 a year. Promotion is reasonably rapid to those whose work is satisfactory. No appointments can be made to these or other positions in the federal classified civil service unless authorized by the Civil Service Commission, and the civil service law. Any information to the contrary is unauthorized. This is a splendid opportunity to serve Uncle Sam. Full information may be secured from the secretary of the board of civil service examiners at the postoffice in your city.

SHOOTING NEAR MARSHFIELD

John Felton was shot on Saturday night in the town of Marshfield in Marathon county, a short distance north of Marshfield, and Frank Cogan, a farmer residing in Marshfield, was arrested for the crime. It is reported that Cogan, who is 32 years of age, admitted having shot the young man when he was first arrested, but that later he refused to have anything to say about the matter. He was taken to the hospital about 10:30 on Sunday morning. Cogan was taken to the hospital about 10:30 on Sunday morning. Cogan was taken to the hospital about 10:30 on Sunday morning.

DEATH OF MRS. DEMARE

Mrs. Adell Verhulst Demare, one of the old residents of Port Edwards, died at Riverside hospital in this city on Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Demare was taken to the hospital about three weeks ago for the purpose of having an operation with the hope of saving her life, but the efforts of the medical men were in vain and she passed away on Sunday. Demare was born at Port Edwards and had been a resident of that town practically all of her life.

Funeral services will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Demare, 1000 S. Main street, and the services will be conducted by Rev. Wm. Reding.

## BETTER ROADS ARE NOW IN PROSPECT

The new drag law that was passed by the last session of the state legislature will do more for the roads of Wisconsin, provided it is enforced, than any other one thing that has ever happened in the state. Many people who cross the continent from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, and have a chance to see the country, have stated in the past that Wisconsin has the worst roads of any state in the country. This may or it may not be actually true, but it is evident that our roads here are bad enough to cause comment, and that is certainly bad enough.

If we were miserably poor the matter of spending money on our roads there would be some excuse for their being bad, and we would have the money that should be spent on the road, but this is not the case. The oldest inhabitant cannot remember the time when there was no money being spent on the roads of Wisconsin, and many of them can point out patches of road that have been fixed every year for the past 40 years that are no better today than they were forty years ago. Of course this is not saying much for the fellow that has had charge of the road, or the succession of men that has looked after the matter, but the fact remains the same and it cannot be disputed.

However, with the compulsory dragging of the roads with a King drag or similar implement, if done often enough and at the proper times there is no reason why that even the clay roads of the state should not be in fair condition during the summer months, even though they may not be all the year round roads, such as are caused by Canadian or concrete.

It is only a few years ago that our state engineers were advising the building of macadam roads, and it was the general opinion that the macadam road was the solution of the road problem, but such is not the case now, and the engineers come out and tell us that a properly constructed and well drained dirt road is better and cheaper to maintain than a macadam road and to be desired where it is not possible to put in concrete. If this is a fact, and it probably is, there is no reason why all of the clay roads of the state should not be in first class condition from now on provided the drag law is properly enforced by intelligent men.

## YOUNG MAN LOSES AN ARM ON RAILROAD

A sad accident occurred at the Green Bay and Western railroad yards in this city last night when Martin Stewart, a young man from Northport, lost an arm under the cars. The young man was engaged in switching in the yards when the accident occurred, and he was badly hurt. It was impossible for him to explain how it happened. He was picked up and taken to Riverside hospital as soon as possible, where he was given surgical aid, and it was found necessary to amputate the right arm between the wrist and elbow. Mr. Stewart, whose home is at Northport, is a station clerk in the Green Bay, has been in the employ of the company only a short time.

## CELEBRATE GOLDEN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin H. Lynn, old and well known residents of this city, celebrated their golden wedding at their home on the east side of the city last night. On that occasion their children were present and the affair was in the nature of a family reunion.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn were married in this city on the 13th of October, 1867, and have lived here the greater part of their life since then. At the Mr. Lynn died at the age of 80, and Mrs. Lynn is now 78 years of age. They have a large family and many of them are now living.

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Funeral services will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Demare, 1000 S. Main street, and the services will be conducted by Rev. Wm. Reding.

## WILL COMMENCE NEW SYSTEM

F. J. Natwick received his apparatus for cutting the trench for laying the wires for the new system of ornamental lighting which will be put in along the main streets during the next couple of months. Mr. Natwick reports that it is the intention to get all ready to install the plant, and then if the supplies are received without delay, he is not very optimistic about getting the necessary supplies, however, and thinks that things may be delayed to a considerable extent on this account.

## BANKERS MAKE IT EASY TO BUY BONDS

The bankers of Wood county, in order to make it easy for the people of this city and vicinity to buy the new Liberty Bonds, have decided to advance the money for such bonds in case a person wants to invest, but such a thing will happen. The full amount of the money on hand at the time of the investment. The person who buys the Liberty Bonds must advance one-tenth of the price of the bond at the time of purchase and the bank will furnish the remainder, same to be taken up in six months, with interest at 4%, which is the same as drawn by the bond. This will be done on amounts up to \$200.

This action on the part of the bankers of Wood county shows the proper spirit on an occasion of this sort, and it is safe to say that it will do more to promote the sale of the bonds than any one thing that could have been done. The fact that all the banks of the county are coming into the matter also helps very materially in the work, the county now being pretty well provided with institutions of this sort.

## NEW MARRIAGE LAW

The new marriage law passed by the last legislature will become effective on January 1st, 1918. On and after that date parties desiring to be married must make application to the clerk of the county at least one of the contracting parties is a resident, providing that either is a resident of the state. If neither of the parties is a resident of the state, application for a license must be made in the county where the marriage is to be performed.

Application for the license must be made at least one day before the license can be issued by the county clerk. After the application is made, the names of the contracting parties must be posted in the office of the county clerk in a conspicuous place and any person who so desires, if he has a valid reason may make an objection to such marriage by making complaint to the county judge. After complaint is made the license can not be issued by the clerk until the matter has been investigated by the county judge and if he finds that the objection made is sufficient, he may make an order authorizing the county clerk not to issue the license.

In extreme cases where the parties are residents of the state, a special injunction may be secured from any judge of a court record permitting the county clerk to issue the license before the five-day period has elapsed.

## A DUTY AND A PRIVILEGE

The people are called on to help with the second bond issue of the Liberty Loan and will not be found waiting. The organization work in the Ninth Federal Reserve district is complete.

In every county and town loyal citizens, women as well as men, are making preparations to do their share. The least that we who stay at home can do is to help in some way to keep our boys in the field, clothed and armed while they fight for us. Can you step into a bank a few dollars from home and in buying a bond that is as good as gold and pays you 4 per cent imagine you are making a sacrifice?

What does that mean in comparison to the man who is giving perhaps their legs, their arms, their eyes, their lives, if necessary? Or how does the simple act of making a safe investment stack up with the giving of the selected men, many of whom left their families and good businesses to go to military camps?

There is no comparison. There is no excuse. We must do our duty. We must be able to stand up and be counted. We must be able to help. Think of a man who can't or won't fight for his country and then turns his back on her sacrifices!

## SCHNOCK-HARZINSKI

Miss Helen Schnock and John Harzinski, both of this city, were married Monday morning at the Polish Catholic church on the west side, Rev. Cieszkowski officiating. They were attended by Misses Mary and Agnes Schnock and Mr. John Schnock. A wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schnock and in the evening there was a reception and dance at which there was a large attendance.

## HIGH COST OF LIVING REDUCED

All necessities, groceries, paints, oils and stock foods at wholesale prices. Saloonmen, go into a good sound legitimate money-making business of your own. No capital required. Build home and bank accounts as hundreds of our men are doing. Our goods and house nationally known. Ask your banker. Establish a regular trade in your home territory. No collections or losses. Experience not necessary with our simple but effective selling plan. Exclusive rights for your territory. Write today for more information. John Sexton & Co., Wholesale Grocers, Lake & Franklin Sts., Chicago, Ill.

## ATTENDED LIBRARY MEETING

Mrs. G. J. Kandy and Miss Edith Rablin were in Green Bay several days last week where they attended the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Library Association. They report having had a very pleasant time and heard some fine speeches on library matters, there being people present from all over the country. Many of the historic places of Green Bay were shown to the visitors and everything possible done to make it pleasant for them.

ADVERTISED MAIL

List of advertised mail at the post-office Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Oct. 16th, 1917:

Gentlemen—J. M. Connelly; Sam G. Deorh; Chas. Green; Carl J. Henderson; H. Joslin; Geo. Hamiski; Edwin Kowalski; Arthur P. Reding.

When calling for the above please say "advertised."

## DESERTER CAUGHT BY LOCAL POLICE

A young man by the name of Edmund Garbush was picked up by the local police Monday evening on the suspicion that he might be an automobile thief, and it subsequently developed that he was a deserter from Camp Grant, where he had spent a couple of days with the soldier boys, only to desert later on.

The case came here from Glanton in a Ford roadster which he was trying to sell about town. In his travels he went to the local Police agency where he offered the car so cheap that the circumstance became suspicious, and the police were notified. To them the young man gave his name as Lutz, but as this name did not agree with the number on his car he was questioned on the matter.

Then he stated that his name was Garbush and that he had been living on a farm with his father near Glanton, but that he was afraid that he was going to be drafted and that he was trying to get rid of his car before he had to go to war. However, this did not satisfy the police and he was subsequently discovered that his story was true with the exception that he had already been drafted and had been at Camp Grant for a couple of days with the boys from Clark county, when he had quietly left, gone home and secured the automobile and was trying to sell it when caught. He was subsequently taken back to Camp Grant.

## LOCAL SPORTSMAN ARRESTED

A. W. Lambert and Wm. Burchell were down on Lake Puckewas last week hunting ducks and when they went to get on the train Mr. Lambert was arrested by a deputy game warden at Princeton for having violated the game law by having more ducks than the law allows.

It seems that the two had each taken four ducks and in making the train from the bus for the train Mr. Lambert had picked up all of the ducks while Mr. Burchell had carried some of their other baggage, of which there was quite a load, and it was while this baggage was being unpacked that the game warden saw the ducks. Notwithstanding the fact that an explanation was made to the game warden that half of the birds belonged to the other, he insisted that the law had been broken and the result was that Mr. Lambert had to put up bail to appear three days later, when his case will come up for trial. It is expected that it will amount to anything, as it was evident that there was no intention of breaking the law and it was not broken.

## MAKING WOODEN SHOES

Gus Kaye some time ago took up the work of making wooden shoes, and since he got fairly under way he has been turning them out at a fair rate of speed. The shoes are the classic form, made of very fine leather, the leather being tacked onto the wooden soles.

The soles are made out of soft maple or birch and when finished present a mosty fair appearance, although it is doubtful if the use of them will ever become popular in high society. While it would not seem as if there was much of a demand for this sort of thing, but it seems there are several factors that are kept busy the year round on the work, and with the increase in the price of leather, the chances are that the business will become even greater than ever before.

## WILL RAISE SHEEP

Dr. V. P. Norton, the veterinarian, has recently been investing in some pure bred sheep, and the result is a mosty fair appearance, although it is doubtful if the use of them will ever become popular in high society. While it would not seem as if there was much of a demand for this sort of thing, but it seems there are several factors that are kept busy the year round on the work, and with the increase in the price of leather, the chances are that the business will become even greater than ever before.

## WILL USE OLD ENVELOPES

The local library has sent out a request among the business men of the city to preserve their old manila envelopes of large size and give them to the library. The envelopes are to be used in the library for the purpose of making much of a showing.

## STEVENS POINTER KILLED

Word was received at Stevens Point on Tuesday of the death of Pelton H. McClatchie, a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClatchie, a young man having been killed by a fall from an airplane near San Antonio, Texas. The young man was 24 years of age and was a graduate of West Point and had been attending the Stevens Point school there.

## LOCAL BOYS WIN

The football game last Saturday between the locals and the boys from New Lisbon resulted in a victory for the locals by a score of 14 to 0. The boys from down the line were not in the same class with the Grand Rapids boys from a football standpoint, and they showed an inferiority in the game of making much of a showing.

## JOHNSON-CHRISPIN

Miss Hannah Johnson and Mr. Edward H. Crispin were married Saturday at the office of Court Commissioner Charles E. Brero, the latter gentleman having been the officiating minister. They were accompanied by Miss Rose Leiser and Mr. Louis Gross. The young people will make their home in the town of Grand Rapids, where the groom has a farm.

## ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT

George Walsh was arrested on Friday on a charge of assault, the complaining witness being a young lady with whom he had been out riding the night before. When the case came up for a hearing, the defendant asked for an adjournment for two weeks, which was granted; bail being fixed at \$100.

—List your property with George Forrand. He sells real estate.















# The Protector of Finance

Tales of Resilius Marvel, Guardian of Bank Treasure

By WELDON J. COBB

## THE ORIENTALIST

Copyright, W. G. Chapman

It was a quiet part of the great city, remembered by old settlers only. Once the narrow winding street, extending only two blocks, had been a thoroughfare. Business had thrived and failed, and fallen into the dusty streets of the city. Some of the old-fashioned structures had gone to decay and disuse. We strode along the street, while my friend descended on the golden dust of those old-fashioned mansions.

It was sudden, startling, tragic—the cry, the call, the appeal that abruptly rang out upon that dark afternoon. The new hour of business activity did not soften or dash it out. Marvel came to a sharp halt and I followed his example. These keen eyes of his gave me a comprehensive sweep of what lay opposite us. Mine followed the indication of his own, roved across the gray house front and rested on the third story, where every sash was boarded up or out of place.

"For the love of heaven—oh, some one come into the house!" Those were the words, uttered in a weird, thrilling manner. Time, place and the speaker, a fair young girl, harmonized with a suggestion of the intense and dramatic. She was framed vividly against the dark background of the second story, one hand supporting her against the railing window frame. She waved as though she would fall over the low reaching balustrade into the street. Her face was white as marble, her eyes stricken with some fearful emotion of horror or excitement. She saw us, and her cry was meant for us.

I noted Resilius Marvel incline that shrewd face of his as though striving to peer into a mystery, his keen professional instincts at once aroused. He was as a man before whom the end of a puzzle had been cast, with a challenge for expert elucidation. His features instantly assumed a certain guilelessness, as if he discerned menace in the situation, urgency, perchance peril.

"Come," he said simply, quickly, and started to cross the street, but, a shriek, ringing, far-reaching, startling, half hushed him. Together we moved a sharp turn to the episode, blotting out what had materialized so suddenly. From behind the wavering girl came a pair of arms extended. They were shrouded, though shrouded, and full of silken vestments enclosed them. They encircled the shrieking girl and drew her back, one of them muffled her face in the folds of a heavy, billowy scarf that, with the garb of the new actor in the momentary drama, gave an oriental tinge to the situation.

There was blankness then where there had been animation. Tragedy, drama or tragedy, the curtain was down and the act ended. I wondered what Marvel would do next. His sure definite leap over the cobblestones enlightened me. He reached the opposite point, the shrouded girl, and powerful body came like a battering ram against the closed door guarding the old wreck of a rookery, it flew from its hinges like a barrier of straw.

The dull afternoon light of day penetrated a long passageway feebly, and beyond was gloom. There was a flash as we reached a stinking, uncertain stairway. My friend had brought out his portable electric tube. I followed it and himself, guided by the shifting point of light, the shrouded girl, and powerful body came like a battering ram against the closed door guarding the old wreck of a rookery, it flew from its hinges like a barrier of straw.

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"The same girl," observed Marvel sententially. "Yes," I assented, noting that her hand was held closely across her chest and that she tottered as she ran, evidently on the verge of collapse from nervous excitement. I saw Marvel make a movement to dash after her. Then he saw it was too late. At the mouth of the alley stood an automobile, evidently in waiting for the girl. She fairly fell into its seat as she pulled herself up the step, the urgency with which the chauffeur acted telling that she had given him some speedy directions. The machine fitted out of view with a swiftness but not until my companion had slipped a glass to his eye with the words:

"You are good at figures—remember 2342½." Then sententially: "Our work is here, if it is really our work," and crossed the platform. A lowered door guarded the structure facing on the next street. It had an iron handle, and a mere pressure upon this sent

the metal barrier on pulley chains to the ceiling. As we stepped across the grooved threshold of the door, through some delicate adjustment of weight, closed after us.

I was not given to exhibitions of surprise or unguarded utterances in the presence of the importunate Marvel. What we now faced, however, astounded me, and I noted plainly that he shared my emotions. It was like a step from a quiet room into the glare of a searchlight. A globe dived out of the ceiling, and the room was flooded with the gleam of celestial grandeur. We had entered a large room heavily hung with tapestries, even to the ceiling, that must have cost a fortune. A heavy velvet carpet made our footsteps noiseless. In the center of the room was a raised dais. In front of this burned a colorless lamp covered with the precious metals and rare and costly jewels. A globe dived out of the ceiling, and the room was flooded with the gleam of celestial grandeur.

The dais supported a throne, backed by a wondrous statue carved from ebony or lignumvite, representing a goddess perfect of form and grace. A globe dived out of the ceiling, and the room was flooded with the gleam of celestial grandeur. The dais supported a throne, backed by a wondrous statue carved from ebony or lignumvite, representing a goddess perfect of form and grace.

"A translation to the antipodes," remarked Resilius Marvel, and for all the cautious subjugation of his tone, I traced the faint echo of a snarl. "Let us explore to a practical end. This layout had no legitimate promise in the heart of an American city. It is here with a purpose—why find out what."

With the subtlety of a man not unused to penetrating where he chose when in the line of duty, my friend led the way across the apartment and pushed aside the heavy drape at its far end. An ante-chamber continued the suite. It was as elaborately furnished as the main apartment we had just traversed. No denizens of the strange place had as yet come into view, but as we entered a third apartment we came upon a man hastily rearranging a disordered table.

Judging from his flustered manner and the full sleeved robe he wore, he was the owner of the pair of arms that we had seen thrust back the girl from the window. Then, too, at his wrist the man had stuffed into his belt the tiny vial or scarf which he had used as a gag or silence that had been thrust at us. "Oh, some one come into this house!"

"The man was dark as the ebony statue in the first room we had entered. Instantly, as the shadow of Marvel fell across his range of vision, he was erect, his arms outstretched, his attitude brusque and challenging. My friend had kept straight on as if to pass the draperies behind this arbitrary sentinel. Before the apparent entrance to another apartment the latter sprang, his arm outstretched.

"Dread—dread!" he croaked shrilly—"no!" "I say, yes," observed Marvel contemptuously, and he placed his hand across the arm of the man and caught at the rich hanging. The entry drapery was suddenly wrenched out of its reach, the servant fell to hands and knees, muttering some cabalistic jargon and then crept out of the way, not without a look at a man, from whose hand a small, round, rubber pipe to this plant room.

"The oldest man in the world," Nirvana had said—and it seemed possible. Inside the glass globe, reclining and engrossed in a time-worn tome bound in ivory, was the strangest human being I had ever seen. His skin was like yellow parchment. His frame seemed ossified. He had hair and a beard of the richest rose than his hair and beard were like glass, set, but sparkling, entrancing, inviting.

She snuggled upon us, divesting her welcome of every trace of awkwardness, her attributes of any effort to impress and mystify. One flashing glance from those intelligent eyes seemed to envelope and consume us. And then, in his sublime astonishment she said, with steady self-poise and without a shade of hesitation:

"Mr. Resilius Marvel, I am honored." If she had not made the recognition, less speedily would my expert friend have placed the travesty. If she knew him it was no necromantic power—she must be of the class who make it a study to know those whom they select as prey, those whom they fear as masters.

I had noticed that Marvel's comprehensive glance had swept the room before. His eyes were now attracted by the eyes behind the glass globe. It was a complex chart with tracings of suns, moons, crescents and stars upon its surface, heterotypic characters and tables.

"A life chart," observed Marvel, fixing his glance now on the orb of the place. "A science chamber of Mahanuit," replied the girl promptly, but dismissing any boastfulness by muttering that even, conceited stuff.

"Ah, yes," remarked Marvel—"clairvoyant."

"Mystic," corrected my lady. "You are better informed than the police, then," retorted my friend icily.

A pretty dramatic wrinkle the forehead of the woman. She made an expressive movement with her hand to express helplessness. Then those liquid eyes took to their depths a pretty, pleading power.

"It is unfortunate that you accept so much on hearsay," she said softly. "You are the final. I wish I had your good opinion. Will you let me try and gain it?"—would have no secrets

from you. I am no impostor. I come from the Himalayas, the seventh daughter of a seventh daughter in verity. I profess to tell no fortunes, but some day, with time given, I may be able to show even Resilius Marvel that there is a coherency and potency to some of my claims."

My friend was silent. There was a slight curl of disbelief on his lip as the lady placed her dainty hand on the crystal globe.

"I have explored crystal reading," he said finally. "I was more fortunate than one of your clients—an old farmer who lost several thousands between here and his home."

Nirvana shrugged her graceful shoulders and looked gloved and friendly. Then she swept aside the draperies behind her. We entered a large square room. Again—amazement. There was a beaten circle all around the rug covering the floor.

A man, a Hindu, slightly garbed, then to the point of attention, was slowly, regularly turning somersaults. In the corner of the room seated before a blackboard was a young youth. He had a piece of chalk in his hand, and at every overturn of the wily acrobat he would chalk a number on the board, elaborating its predecessor. There were two figures in the chronicle, and he would name them in a drowsy, slugging way each time he wrote a record.

"Asoli Ben," explained our guide. "He is paying a penance to release the soul of a sinful father—one hundred thousand somersaults. It was to have been along the Delhi road, but he joined my party and is completing his eighty odd thousand evolution here on his path to clearing the score."

"Ah, Hamed," she continued, lifting a certain and showing a cloth covered with tiger skins upon which he curled a small dwarfed man. "He is of the highest theosophic circle—twice returned to earth."

"The oldest man in the world—Djalma."

She had preceded like some lecturer



I HAVE EXPLORED CRYSTAL READING, HE SAID FINALLY.

or exhibiting his menagerie. As she swept aside a final drapery the last and most remarkable disclosure greeted us.

In the center of a room resembling a laboratory was a balloon-shaped globe of glass. It was about ten feet high and broad enough to contain inside a chair, a table and a man. From several places there ran rubber pipes to this plant room.

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who was removed so suddenly by your servant."

"Oh, yes," replied Nirvana, as tranquilly as if the simplest, most ordinary statement in the world had been made. "The young lady was quieted and sent home. She is one of those impressionable beings who are easily led to hysterics—you had an exhibition of it."

"And coming home," replied Nirvana, "the number of the automobile that conveyed her away from here."

I saw Nirvana wince. For a moment her audacity was daunted. But only for a moment.

"I do not know her name," she said, "but I can help you further, Mr. Marvel. She lives at the Glendale apartments."

"Thank you," said Resilius Marvel, if surprised not showing it, and my lady led us through an intricate variety of corridors and apartments until we reached the front of the building and turned us over to a lady-styled servant in costume. Still smiling, still radiantly helpful, still unflinching, Nirvana bowed—as from that remarkable hour of mystery.

From the manner of the high priestess of what I considered to be a temple of clairvoyance, and the way in which Marvel treated the proposition, I was satisfied in my own mind that the woman Nirvana was one of the many clairvoyants and mystics who made it a business to catch the unwary and credulous. We regained our machine without Marvel saying a word. He was silent and thoughtful until we reached the office of the United Bankers' Protective Association. He waved me to a seat, went to a bookcase, selected a scripbook, opened it at a certain page, placed the volume before me and went to the telephone.

Within five minutes I had perused several old newspaper articles telling of Nirvana. She was a shrewd adventuress, successful amid oriental occult surroundings. She had been mixed up in several cases where her clair-

voyance had gained the confidence of clients, and she had induced them to invest in worthless stocks and bonds owned by outside confederates. The Oldest Man in the World was really a patriarchal individual, and had once been one of the chief favorites of a big traveling circus outfit. Nirvana was a grade above the average fortune teller. She really possessed a fair clairvoyant power. At one city she had established a cult, had collected several thousands of dollars, and then with her combination had faded away.

Resilius Marvel came to me just as I had concluded my interesting ruminations. He had one place of paper in his hands. They were crumpled fragments straightened out, and I knew represented the little vial of paper I had seen him pick up at the window where he had seen the girl.

"Look that over," he said. "A new zest of interest came into the strange case. Turn crosswise, the two fragments comprised a check for \$20,000, signed 'Anisole Druse.' Garnet Druse." "Do you know them?" asked Marvel.

"I know the account well," I replied, lost in surprise and awe. "I know Anisole Druse by sight. This is—certainly remarkable."

"It gives us plain sailing for a bit," declared Marvel in his businesslike way. "I have been busy at the telephone. Nirvana told the truth; the girl we saw, or at least one answering to her description, lives at the Glendale apartments. Her name is Garnet Druse."

"That is the sister of Anisole Druse," I volunteered. "If you will give me ten minutes I may be able to dig up something at the bank."

"Go ahead," said Marvel simply. I came back with some real information. The Druses, brother and sister, were children of the Hon. Amos Druse, now abroad. We had carried out a family account. One was in the name of Anisole Druse, originally \$40,000, drawn down in solid amounts through sixty days, and a last check presented two days previous, thrown out—"N. S. P."

"Not sufficient funds, eh?" translated Marvel. "And the other account?" "Joint checks honored only on deposit of Amos Druse when bearing signature of both brother and sister."

"Good for the fact of that check?" "Yes, and four times over," I replied. "There is something queer about this affair," I submitted. "The paying teller says the withdrawal of such substantial amounts caused him to notice Anisole Druse. He knows him slightly in a social way. Says he has been hurried, excited, doped by turns when he came to draw money of late."

"We will go to the Glendale apartments," announced my friend abruptly. It was only through determined persistence that Marvel was able to at last prevail upon Miss Garnet Druse, through her maid, to admit us. Every bespoke refinement as we entered a room where a lady dressed in the latest and most fashionable manner greeted us with a pleasant smile.

"I have only one request to make, Mr. Marvel," spoke the woman gravely. "And what is that?" demanded Marvel.

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"Very good."

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# Great Variety of Fashions Offered

New York.—There comes a time in every woman's life when she wants fashions in paragraphs or, probably, a better way to put it is that she wants her news capsules so that she can digest it in the quickest and easiest manner.

These are stirring times in the world of buying and selling women's apparel. Contrary to all the expectations of the pessimists and the cranking of the gloomy prophets, there is a scramble for enough merchandise to sell to the women on this continent at this moment. They have money; they want new clothes; Paris has sent alluring costumes quite in keeping with our spirit of yearning dressing; the shops are crowded, and the bulk of the buying has gone to the people who offer clothes that are not eccentric or over-priced.

When fashions are sleek, women have time to read about them in detail when they are being rushed across the stage; but now, as



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*sites Us:*  
other coarse flours instead of  
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the circulation of recipes pro-  
out our plans.”  
Rolls save wheat flour  
day when made with  
**BAKING  
POWDER**  
**RYE ROLLS**  
rye flour  
non alk-  
teaspoons Royal Baking Powder  
milk  
spoon shortening  
redients together, add milk and melted  
nead on floured board; shape into rolls.  
sed pans and allow to stand in warm  
minutes. Bake in moderate oven 25  
taining additional similar recipes  
t. W, 135 William Street, New York.











# Catarrh of Stomach

Mrs. Mary Fennell, R. F. D., Pomeroy, Missouri, writes: "I wish to say a few words in the praise of Peruna. I have used it with good results for catarrh of the stomach. Also found it the very thing for catarrh of the head. My sister was cured of catarrh of stomach by the use of Peruna."

Mrs. E. T. Chomier, 60 East 42nd St., Chicago, Ill., says: "Manalini best laxative on the market for liver and bowels, very good for indigestion and heart burn."

Those who object to liquid medicine can secure Peruna Tablets.

Made Well  
By Peruna.  
My Sister  
Also Cured

By  
**PE-RU-NA**

## Canada's Liberal Offer of Wheat Land to Settlers

is open to you—to every farmer or farmer's son who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever. Wheat is much higher than last year. The Government is offering 160 Acres Homesteads are actually free to settlers and land sold at from \$10 to \$20 per acre. The great demand for Canadian Wheat will keep up the price. While a farmer can get near \$2 for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre, he is bound to make money out of it. What you can expect in Western Canada, Wonderful yields like 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 bushels per acre. The Government is offering 160 Acres Homesteads are actually free to settlers and land sold at from \$10 to \$20 per acre. The great demand for Canadian Wheat will keep up the price. While a farmer can get near \$2 for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre, he is bound to make money out of it. What you can expect in Western Canada, Wonderful yields like 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 bushels per acre.

Geo. A. Hall, 123 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis.; C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Mich. Canadian Government Agents

## TWO ENGINEERS KILLED IN WRECK

MEET DEATH IN HEAD-ON COLLISION BETWEEN PASSENGER TRAINS ON 800 LINE.

WERE LONG TIME IN SERVICE

Crew of Waiting Passenger Watch Fast Train Bear Down Upon Them—Several Passengers and Fireman Are Injured.

Pont du Lac—When a fast passenger train on the 800 line crashed head-on into another standing passenger train near the main switch at the Stockton station, both engineers were instantly killed and several other persons injured.

The dead are: James McAdams, 54 years old, engineer on No. 3, 54 years old, Richard Harrison, Ashland, engineer on No. 4, 55 years old.

The injured are: Mrs. Ole Chilsen, Stevens Point, internal injuries; Carl Giddell, Pont du Lac, fireman on No. 3, fracture of arm.

"Thinking it would be brought to a stop before it reached them, the men of the crew of No. 4, at the Stockton station, watched No. 3 tear down upon them."

Engineer McAdams evidently thought the standing train to be on a siding and continued his flying run until he realized the danger. Brakes were of no avail. The screech of sliding steel, a crash and the hissing of steam left a mass of mangled and twisted iron, in the wreckage of which two veterans of the service perished.

Under ordinary schedule the trains are to meet at Stevens Point, but according to reports, No. 3 being late, No. 4 was permitted to proceed and was waiting at the Stockton station when No. 3 bore down upon it.

No responsibility for the collision has been placed and officials are withholding all statements pending a thorough investigation into the matter.

## NEW BRAND OF PUNISHMENT

Group of Badger Soldiers at Waco Sent to Bed at Threat in the Afternoon for Getting Up Late.

Camp MacArthur, Waco, Tex.—Here is a new brand of discipline—sending grown up, wide awake soldiers to bed at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. It happened recently to a group of Badgers in the 128th Infantry.

Reveille is blown at 5:30 a. m., and ten minutes later assembly is sounded which means that every man must be up, dressed, and standing in line with his company.

This little group of sleepyheads failed to report for assembly, so the company captain sent them to bed at 3 p. m. for a nap of ten minutes. Then the assembly call was blown and the men hopped out of bed and dressed with the speed they should have shown in the morning.

It was a new brand of punishment in the middle of the afternoon, with the Texas sun beating down on the tents of Camp MacArthur. It was no time for a nap, and it is a good bet that these men will not invite a similar experience.

Hotel lobbies are crowded with Wisconsin people who are here to visit the annual convention of the Wisconsin State Association of the Wisconsin Club. The Wisconsin Club is a national organization of the Wisconsin Club. Officers have rented apartments for their families, but men in uniform are not permitted to sleep much time away from camp. Children in the afternoon and night schools make up most of their time. No officer is permitted to live down town.

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## CARNIVAL FOR WACO TROOPS

Field Events, Baseball and Other Sports to Keep Soldiers in Trim During Winter.

Waco, Tex.—A carnival of athletics, the biggest thing of its kind Waco has seen, will be held at Camp MacArthur, Oct. 17. Field events and military exhibitions make up the program. On that day all war training will be suspended. There will be sharp rivalry between Michigan and Wisconsin men, both in the cheering and athletic events. Wisconsin Chippewa Indians will play a big part.

Uncle Sam has worked out a combination system to beat the winter of sports, with things military, but the athletic side of the program is highly important. The American army that goes to France will include the best athletes in the world, and they will be in the best trim of their career.

Here, at Camp MacArthur, officers have outlined a schedule for the winter of sports, with things military, but the athletic side of the program is highly important. The American army that goes to France will include the best athletes in the world, and they will be in the best trim of their career.

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## FROSTS CAUSE BIG LOSS IN THE STATE

REPORT SHOWS FORTY-SEVEN PER CENT OF CORN CROP SERIOUSLY DAMAGED.

POTATOES ALSO AFFECTED

Bean, Cranberry and Tobacco Crop Reduced—Grain, However, Is Among Best Ever Harvested in Wisconsin.

Madison—Heavy frost during the second week of September throughout most of the state caused losses amounting to millions of dollars, according to the joint report issued at Madison.

Forty-seven per cent of the corn crop, 14 per cent of the potato crop, 35 per cent of the bean crop, and 35 per cent of the buckwheat crop were seriously damaged, while 30 per cent of the tobacco crop was frosted, but not enough to make it worthless for harvesting.

The cranberry crop has been reduced from 43,000 barrels to 25,000, or a loss of 17,000 barrels, largely because of the frost. It is estimated that the cranberry crop has suffered a reduction of 15,750,000 bushels of potatoes, 2,406,000 bushels of beans, 3,442,000 pounds of tobacco, and 3,442,000 pounds of tobacco.

The most serious damage to the potato crop occurred in the counties of Portage, Waupaca, Waushara, Adams, Juneau and Marquette, where a damage to the crop ranging from 20 to 30 per cent is reported. The crop in the eastern counties and those lying south of Madison is unusually good, the damage from frost being slight.

On the other hand, with a total wheat crop of over 5,000,000 bushels, an oat crop of 100,000,000 bushels, a barley crop of over 20,000,000, and a rye crop of over 7,000,000 bushels, Wisconsin has harvested one of the best grain crops in the history of the state.

## TO AID IN SAVING SEED CORN

Three Special Field Agents Appointed to Assist Farmers in Choosing the Best for 1918 Planting.

Madison—A high pressure campaign has been started to supply Wisconsin corn growers with suitable seed corn for their 1918 planting.

With scarcely enough seed corn to go around, there is need to conserve the available supply. To accomplish this three special field agents have been appointed to assist Wisconsin farmers in the campaign. They are A. Russell, Appleton; Noyes Rasmussen, Deiot, and E. D. Holden, Madison. They will work under the joint direction of the agricultural extension service, University of Wisconsin, and the United States department of agriculture.

"Hunt for, save, cure and store the best there is" will be the slogan to animate the state-wide seed corn selection drive which is now engaging the attention of county agricultural representatives, emergency food agents, farmers' clubs, and county councils of defense.

The widespread early frosts have made concerted action necessary throughout the state in order that the 1918 corn planting may not be seriously restricted for want of suitable seed.

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## HAS TO SPOON UNDER GUARD

Ohio Artilleryman in Embarrassing Predicament When Sweetheart Visits Him in Guardhouse.

Three attractively dressed young women came to Ft. Benjamin Harrison to see a young soldier of the Ohio artillery battalion, says the Indianapolis News. They found he was in the guardhouse. Undismayed, they called at the guardhouse and received permission to see their friend.

The soldier bounded down the steps of the post prison and greeted his visitors gayly.

"Guard out!" The order was shouted from the guardhouse office, and a soldier of the provost marshal's guard detached himself from the group on the parade and took a station five yards distant from the prisoner and his guests. The girls and their soldier friend chatted for a few minutes, then two of them took leave, promising to meet the third at the interurban station later.

The soldier and his sweetheart strolled across the parade ground, the guard with a rifle trailing them, and maintaining his distance of five yards. An hour later they returned.

"Corporal of the guard, one prisoner," shouted the guard.

"Bring him in," came the gruff response from inside.

The girl threw her arms about the youth and for a moment they enjoyed one long ecstatic kiss, regardless of the staring of the guardhouse porch and the cries of "breakaway" and "breakaway" from the officers' quarters through the windows of the barracks cells.

"This spooning under guard is all right if you like it that way, I reckon," said the soldier who had accompanied the lovers, later. "But, believe me, it's sure hard on the guard."

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# ACHIEVEMENTS OF "WAR SESSION" OF CONGRESS

Leaders Declare Work Done Is  
Most Remarkable in Par-  
liamentary History.

## HARMONY MADE A FEATURE

Lack of Dissension Was Noticeable—  
Administration Was Defeated on  
Only One Important Bill Dur-  
ing the Six Months.

### IMPORTANT BILLS PASSED IN SESSION

Here are the most important  
measures passed by congress at  
the special war session:

- Declaration of war against Germany on April 6.
- War bond issues aggregating \$15,538,000,000.
- War appropriations and contract authorizations totalling \$14,380,000,000.
- War loans aggregating \$7,000,000,000 to the allies.
- The selective draft bill, making 10,000,000 men liable to military service.
- The espionage bill, including the embargo provision.
- The \$2,235,000,000 war revenue bill.
- The food control bill.
- The trading with the enemy act.
- The soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill.

Washington.—"The most remarkable session in the parliamentary history of the world," was the way Democratic and Republican leaders characterized the war session of the Sixty-fifth congress, which came to a close at three o'clock in the afternoon of October 6, exactly six months after the declaration of war against Germany.

The record of legislation enacted and money appropriated has no parallel anywhere in the annals of all time. Beginning with the declaration of war against Germany in April, congress has passed bill after bill of the most revolutionary character, including such measures as the draft bill and the food control bill. Appropriations and contract authorizations for the present fiscal year, totalling \$21,380,000,000, including \$7,000,000,000 in loans to the allies, were voted without a single dissenting voice, a record equaled nowhere, not even in the Kaiserdom of Germany.

How Money Is Expended.

The following table shows how the money is to be spent:

Army	\$3,011,000,000
Navy	1,675,000,000
Food and fuel control	1,850,000,000
Loans to the allies	7,000,000,000
Defense fund for	
President	100,000,000
War bonds	175,000,000
Soldiers' and sailors' insurance	170,000,000
Interest on bonds and certificates	200,000,000
Civil establishment of government	958,000,000
All other expenses	102,000,000

As a part of the scheme of meeting these enormous expenditures congress passed the \$2,235,000,000 war revenue bill, the largest taxation bill in American history, levying directly or indirectly upon the nation's women and children the United States. Something more than a billion dollars of this amount will be taken from war profits. All incomes more than \$1,000 for single men and more than \$2,000 for married men are made subject to taxation.

Where New Taxes Fall.

Here are some things upon which the average citizen will pay taxes under the new war tax bill:

- Approximately 2 per cent increase on incomes of \$5,000 or less.
- Letter postage, except local letters, increased to 3 cents and postcards to 2 cents, beginning November 8.
- Ten per cent for all clubs paid for admissions to amusements.
- Five-cent shows and 10-cent outdoor amusement parks exempted.
- Ten per cent on all club dues of \$12 a year or more.
- One cent for each 25 cents paid for parcel post.
- One cent on each 25 cents express package charge.
- Three per cent of all freight charges.
- Eight per cent of passenger fares by rail or water, except trips of less than 80 miles.

Ten per cent of charges for seats, berth and staterooms on parlor cars or vessels.

Five cents on each telegraph, telephone or radio message costing 15 cents or more.

Three per cent on jewelry.

Eight cents on each \$100 of life insurance. The tax on whisky is increased from \$1.10 a gallon to \$3.20.

A tax on beer is increased from \$1 a barrel to \$2.

Increased tax on cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco and snuff.

Little Dissension During Session.

Despite pacifist activities, the session was marked with comparatively little dissension, the fighting centering about questions mainly affecting policy. The most stubborn contests were staged over the revenue bill, the draft

bill and the food control bill. In every case, except censorship of the newspapers and speech, the administration has received everything it asked of congress for the conduct of the war.

Congress was in session 188 days. During that time more than 10,000 army, navy and marine corps nominations sent to the senate were confirmed, among them the advancement of Major General Pershing, commander in chief of the armies in France, and Major General Bliss, chief of staff, to the rank of full general, held only four times previously in American history. The only important appointment held up was that of Col. Carl Reichmann, to be a brigadier general. Action was blocked until the December session because it was charged he uttered pro-German sentiments.

An unprecedented feature of the session was the reception of the special missions sent to the United States by the allied governments, and the special representatives of Great Britain, France, Belgium, Italy, Russia and Japan addressed both houses. Invitations of the British and French governments to have the United States send a congressional mission across the Atlantic to see war conditions and co-operate with the interparliamentary congress were rejected.

Important Measures Passed.

Following is a list of the most important measures passed by congress: Resolution declaring a state of war exists between the imperial German government and the government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

On April 2 the resolution for war against Germany was introduced in the house and on April 6, or four days after the assembling of congress, the president attached his signature to the measure. No delay was involved in the passage of this resolution, perhaps the most important ever offered either in this or any other congress.

General deficiency appropriation act, appropriating \$103,851,400.52, of which \$100,000,000 was for the national security and defense and for each and every purpose connected with the war.

Act authorizing an issue of bonds to meet expenditures for the national security and defense and for the purpose of assisting in the prosecution of the war and to extend credit to foreign governments and for other purposes. This act appropriated \$3,007,008,945.48 for establishing credits in the United States for foreign governments by purchase of bonds of our allies and expenses incident to preparation and issue of bonds and certificates; authorizes the issue of bonds amounting to \$5,093,945,480, of which \$3,000,000,000 is for meeting the loans authorized to foreign governments, \$2,000,000,000 to meet domestic expenditures, and \$93,945,480 to redeem the three per cent bonds and also authorize the \$2,000,000,000 of one year certificates of an indebtedness temporarily to provide revenue.

Huge Military Expansion.

Act authorizing one additional midshipman for each senator, representative and delegate in congress.

Act appropriating \$273,040,332.50 for the support of the army for the fiscal year 1918.

Act authorizing the president to increase temporarily the military establishment of the United States. This act authorized a selective draft of 1,000,000 men and contains other important legislative features pertaining to the army.

Resolution authorizing the president to take over for the United States any vessel owned in whole or in part by any corporation, citizen or subject of any nation with which the United States may be at war.

Act to increase temporarily the commissioned and warrant and enlisted strength of the navy and Marine corps from 87,000 to 150,000 men, in the first instance, and from 17,400 to 80,000, in the second.

Act appropriating \$1,344,806.18 for the support of the military academy for the fiscal year 1918 and for other purposes.

Largest Single Grant in History.

Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to Regulate Commerce," as amended, in respect of car service, and for other purposes.

Act amending the war risk insurance act and appropriating \$45,150,000 to insure vessels and their cargoes and expenses connected therewith.

Act appropriating \$147,308,928.77 for the sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year 1918.

Act authorizing the issue to states and territories and the District of Columbia of rifles and other property for the equipment of organization of home guards.

Act appropriating \$3,281,004,541.60 for the military and naval establishment on account of the war expenses. Up to time this was the largest appropriation act known to this or any other country. Among other things it appropriated \$405,000,000 for an emergency shipping fund with which to build construction of the greatest merchant fleet the world has ever known.

Act to punish acts of interference with the foreign relations, the neutrality and the foreign commerce of the United States, to punish espionage and better enforce the criminal laws of the United States.

Conservation Bills Passed.

Act authorizing condemnation proceedings of lands for military purposes.

Act appropriating \$400,000,000 to increase temporarily the signal corps of the army and to purchase, manufacture, maintain, repair and operate airplanes.

Act authorizing the United States to take possession of a site for use for

white paper issued by Great Britain. The paper is of interest to Americans, inasmuch as it almost certainly will form the basis of a similar agreement between the United States and Germany. The conference at which the agreement was reached was held at The Hague.

An arrangement was made whereby the Netherlands government undertook to care for 10,000 British and German combatant or civilian prisoners of war, the respective governments of these nationals to refund all costs of intern-

ment and to furnish materials necessary for the construction and upkeep of the camps, for medical attention, and for the victualing and clothing of the latter.

Among the provisions of the agreement is one whereby the British government will permit the German medical personnel originally belonging to the German garrison at Tsing-tao, China, and now in the United States, to return to Germany by sea if they are permitted by the American government to do so.

McRobins, Labor Head, Killed.

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 11.—John McRobins, conciliator named by Secretary of Labor Wilson to act in the adjustment of labor trouble in Arizona mines, received injuries from a runaway horse in Globe and died in a hospital.

Lende Allies \$2,618,400,000.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Additional loans of \$400,000,000 each to Great Britain and France were made on Tuesday by the government. With this transaction the total thus far lent to the allies is \$2,618,400,000.

Five Injured in Auto Plunge.

Rushford, Minn., Oct. 10.—Five teachers were injured when the automobile in which they were riding plunged from a bridge over the Root river and dropped to the water below. Miss M. Denton was seriously injured.

Big Company Buys Bonds.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Announcement of a subscription of \$2,000,000 to the second Liberty loan by Armour & Co. was made here. One-half, however, of the subscription was taken for the Chicago plant and the remainder for branches.

German Minister Handed Passports by Government—Uruguay to Take Similar Action.

Lima, Peru, Oct. 8.—Peru formally broke relations with Germany. In accordance with an overwhelming vote in congress for such a rupture the government handed passports to the German minister.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 8.—From Montevideo, Uruguay, a word that congress was unanimously expected to vote an overwhelming majority in favor of an immediate rupture in diplomatic relations with Germany.

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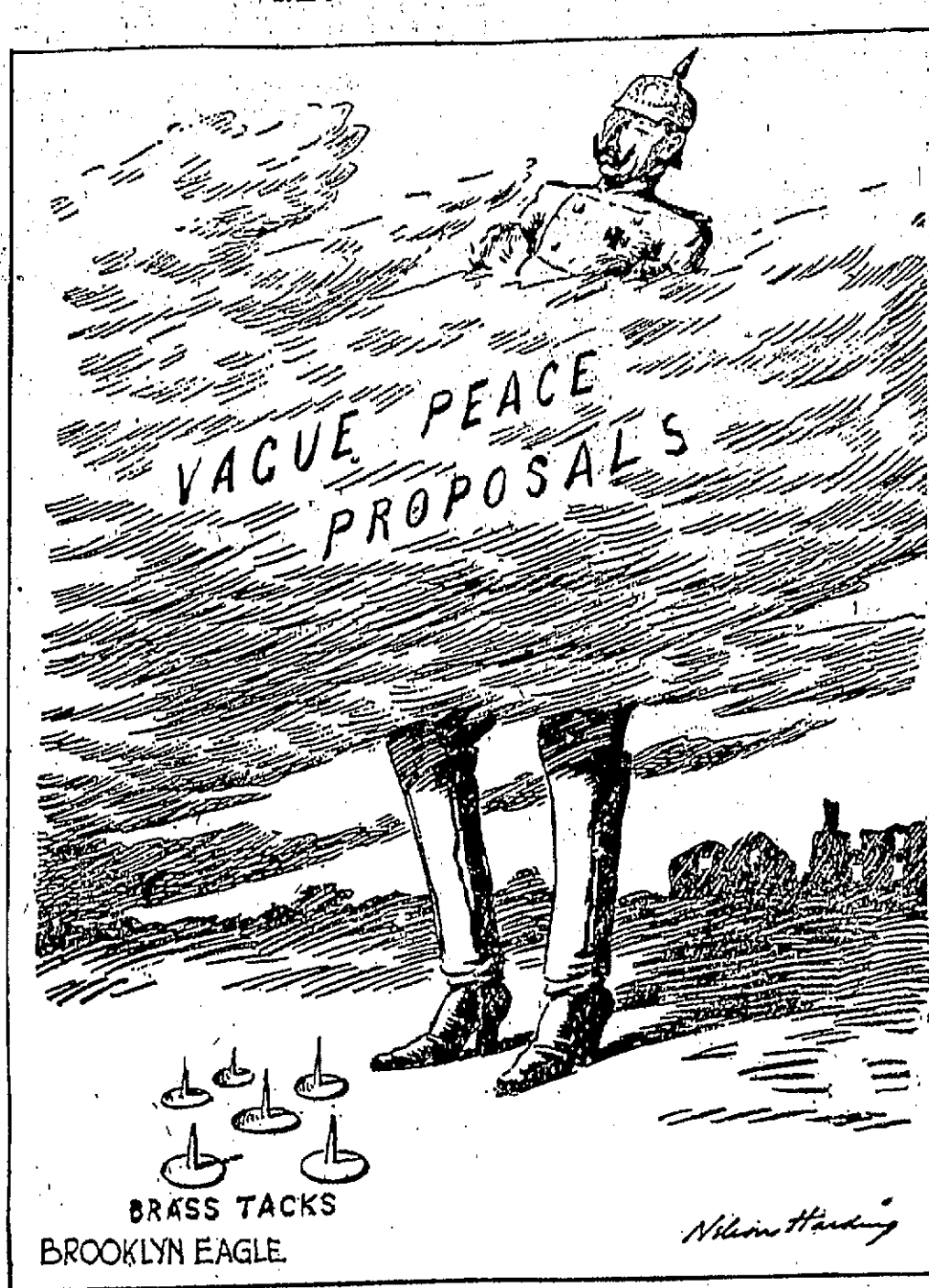
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## GET DOWN TO THEM



## U. S. MILITARY GIANT U. S. SHIP KILLS TWO

TRANSFORMED FROM PEACEFUL TRADER TO GREAT FIGHTER.

Nation Now Mobilized for Supreme Task Ahead, Says Statement Issued at Washington.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The transition in America from conditions of peace to those of war, from the standpoint of rapidity and thoroughness, is without precedent in the history of the world. This is the largest appropriation act passed by this or any other country. This act makes further appropriations of \$635,000,000 for the emergency shipping fund and raises the limit of cost to carry out the purposes of the shipping act to \$1,734,000,000.

Act to define, regulate and punish trading with the enemy and for other purposes, and appropriates \$450,000 to enforce the provisions thereof.

Act to provide revenue to defray war expenses. This measure provides approximately \$2,500,000,000 of revenue with which to pay the expenses of the government.

Act to provide a military and naval family allowance, compensation and insurance fund for the benefit of soldiers and sailors and their families, and makes an appropriation therefor of \$170,250,000.

50,000 BELGIAN HOUSES GONE

Germany's Record of Destruction Is Shown by New Gray Book Issued by Government.

Havre, Oct. 8.—The Belgium government has issued a gray book to refute allegations against Belgium civilians contained in the German white book of May, 1915, in which it was said Belgian civilians savagely attacked German troops in the early days of the war and that the measures adopted by the Germans were necessary in the interest of preservation of the German army. According to the gray book Belgium had 40,000 and 60,000 houses destroyed by the Germans.

JACKIE KILLS FRIEND; IS HELD

Queenstown Magistrate Says Fatal Blow Constitutes Manslaughter—To Get Bail.

London, Oct. 8.—Machigiste Mate Perente of an American naval vessel will be liberated on bail on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of a dock yard laborer named Plummer, who died from the effect of a blow on the jaw inflicted by the sailor on September 8. He was held by a Queenstown magistrate. Parents pleaded not guilty and added: "I did not mean to injure my friend."

PERU BREAKS WITH KAISER

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## TO BOOST SECOND LIBERTY BOND SALE

Food Administration Forces Will  
Help Raise New Loan for  
War Purposes.

### SAVE FOOD AND LEND MONEY

Big Drive Throughout Nation Coming  
Week of October 21-28—How All  
Must Unite to Whip Kaiser  
and Bring Peace Again.

Washington.—The food pledge campaign is projected upon broad lines, but it is very simple and very plain. The food administration will marshal its whole force of half a million campaigners organized for food-pledge week, to promote the second Liberty loan. The week of October 21 to 28 has been set for the big drive the food administration has planned to enroll all American families for food conservation. The Liberty loan campaign will be at its height at the same time. Herbert Hoover, the food administrator, in a message to the federal food administrators, and campaign managers of the food enrollment campaign, instructing them to exert every effort to promote the Liberty loan, called this a fortunate coincidence, since both are aimed at the same end and each will supplement the other. The Liberty loan, he says, will enable the government to lend money to the allies, and the food pledge campaign is designed to make certain that there shall be food available to purchase.

So simple and so plain that they have been stated in the compass of a card—a card that it is proposed to hang in every home of the land—that card is the "war creed of the kitchen," because, so closely are the people in this country linked to the world war, that one of the phases of the struggle must be fought out in the American kitchen.

If soldiers are to fight, they must be fed. For the past three years, one by one, our allies across the sea have been taking the men from the farm and from the factory and sending them to the firing line. Each man sent to the firing line meant one less who could be relied upon to help produce the food that "will win the war."

If the laborer is worthy of his hire, surely the fighter is worthy of his food. That is a principle universally accepted by the American public. However, it is not every product that can be sent across the sea. Corn will not serve the need; our allies have never used it as a food; they have no mills to grind it; turn it into meal in this country and it would spoil before it could reach a European port. There are just four classes of products, the experts say, that we must send to our allies if our duty to them is to be discharged; they need meat, wheat, sugar and dairy products. We can conserve our wheat by increasing our consumption of other grains. We can conserve our meat by making a greater demand upon the resources of the fish market. All of these are expedients known to the American housewife.

If the United States were an autocratic country there would be no popular appeal for the conservation of food. There would be an autocratic food control. The mailed fist would rule in the kitchen. Imperial food decrees would be enforced at the point of the bayonet. But ours is not an autocratic country. Food control is in the hands of the people themselves, and it is to the people that the food administration has appealed in the food pledge card campaign.

Herbert Hoover has termed this appeal an "unprecedented adventure in democracy"—an adventure that will determine whether or not a democratic form of government is, after all, fitted to engage in a death struggle with autocracy.

The food pledge week campaign resolves itself into an effort to secure as a result of voluntary agreement and pledges insuring the general support for the war defined program of food conservation. The food pledge campaign represents an effort to induce as many of the American homes as possible to unite in a common policy. Our wheat reserves can be conserved if everybody helps. Our meat reserves can be conserved if the whole public co-operates.

The American people are asked to join together in a common conservation policy. As evidence that they are supporting this policy they are asked to sign the food pledge membership card in their window. In order that the conservation policy may be understood, the reason for it made plain and the manner of observing it rendered certain, instruction cards—"The War Creed of the Kitchen"—are to be hung in the home.

And that is what the national food pledge week campaign is all about.

He Struck.

A mud-bredged Tommy was plodding wearily toward the base when a subaltern stopped him.

"Do you know that your regiment is in the front line now? Why aren't you there?" he asked.

"Well, sir," Tommy explained, "we were just going over the top when the officer shouted: 'Strike for home and glory, lads!' All the others struck for glory, but I struck for home."

Hands and Fingers.

Nearly everything of money value in this world gets its worth from the human touch, according to Industrial Management magazine. The Mides hand of humanity turns whatever it fingers into its representative weight in gold. Diamonds gain their high value not only from rarity but because of the earth's soil have been handled to find one little stone. Gold itself gets its worth not merely from scarcity but from the immense work in accumulating one ounce.

Ale and Porter.

Ale is fermented beverage, said to have been originated in Egypt. Brewed like beer and differs from it chiefly in having smaller proportion of hops. Alcoholic content increases with age. Porter is dark colored malt liquor of English origin, so called, it is said, because it was once favored by London porters. Brewed from highly kilned brown malt; sometimes colored with burnt sugar or other coloring material. Essentially aboriginal.

## ALLIES WIN 3 TOWNS

BRITISH AND FRENCH ARMIES  
IN JOINT DRIVE IN  
FLANDERS.

German Lines Smashed to Death of  
Two Miles—Village of Poelcapelle  
Taken—More Than 1,000  
Prisoners Captured.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The capture of the villages of St. Jean de Mangelay and Veldhoek, with numerous blockhouses, was announced Tuesday in the French official communication dealing with the operations in Flanders. The total advance of the French reached to a depth of one and one-quarter miles, to the southern outskirts of the Houtholst wood and on a front of more than a mile and one-half.

London, Oct. 10.—The British troops have effected the complete capture of Poelcapelle and have advanced nearly two miles to the northwest of that village in their drive in Flanders. According to the report from Field Marshal Haig the British operations were very successful. All objectives have been gained and the number of prisoners already exceeds 1,000.

Poelcapelle is six and a quarter miles northeast of Ypres. According to the report from Field Marshal Haig the British operations were very successful. All objectives have been gained and the number of prisoners already exceeds 1,000.

The new drive was made in the same region as the attack of last Thursday, one of the most successful British efforts of the war. On that day the Germans were expelled from high ground along the ridge east of Ypres, giving the British dominating positions of great strategic importance.

British and French troops struck a successful sudden joint blow against German lines in the famous Ypres sector south of the forest of Houtholst between Drabank and Westendreef. Official statements issued on Tuesday announced complete attainment of all first objectives.

The French war office indicated the fighting was still bitterly in progress, with favorable developments reported from the poles. The French troops' part in the great drive was around Houtholst wood.

Field Marshal Haig's battle report was couched in his customary curt phrases, but indicated the fullest realization of all plans.

U. S. TO CONTROL ALL FOOD

Distributors Will Operate Under Federal License After November 1—Twenty Staples Under Ban.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Virtually half the staple foods consumed by the American people will be put under government control November 1.

The food administration announced on Tuesday that within a few days President Wilson will issue an executive order requiring that manufacturers and distributors of some 20 fundamental foods operate under license restrictions designed to prevent unreasonable profits and to stop speculation and hoarding.

Regulations will be prescribed for meat packers, cold storage houses, millers, cannery, elevator, grain dealers and wholesale dealers and retailers doing a business of more than \$100,000 annually in the commodities to be named.

"The prime purpose of the food administration," the announcement said, "is to protect the patriot against the slacker in business."

"It has generally been recognized that the enormous obligation imposed on the American people to feed our soldiers at the front and the allies creates a disturbing factor in trade which allows opportunity to a few to impose burdens upon the many, and that it is of vital national importance that such control should be exerted as will remedy, as far as may be, the economic disturbances incident to the war."

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KNUTH-LIETZKE

Miss Elsie Knuth and Mr. Frank Lietzke, both of the town of Sigel, were married on Wednesday morning at the Sigel Lutheran church. They were accompanied by Misses Elsie Lietzke, Esther Ott and Jennie Huss, and Messrs. Clarence, Leonard and Dick Knuth. At the conclusion of the ceremony there was a reception and wedding dinner at the home of the bride's parents in the town of Sigel, at which there were a number of invited guests. Mr. and Mrs. Lietzke, upon their return from their wedding trip, will make their home in the town of Sigel.

JENNIE G. TAYLOR

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Consultation Free  
Lady Attendants

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

Thursday, October 18, 1917

Published by W. A. DRUM & A. B. SUTOR

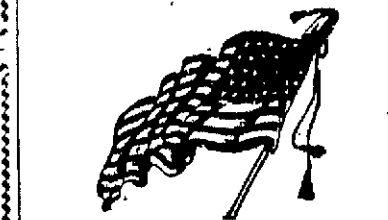
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"Our country! In her intercourse with foreign nations, may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."—Stephen Decatur.

LET AMERICA PAY THE BILL

Knowing how carefully the German press is censored, it may be taken for granted that when anything gets by it is in accord with the ruling class.

The following editorial comment appeared in the Kolnische Volkszeitung:

"Certainly the hands of our army and navy weighed the possibilities carefully before deciding upon ruthless submarine warfare. We are entitled to a thumping indemnity and we do not care who pays it. Those states which have already sacrificed immense sums will be unable to pay it, therefore America will have to unbutton its pockets."

Just note that the countries now overrun by German armies have already sacrificed immense sums and are therefore "will be unable to pay" a "thumping indemnity." Note also that because of their devastation the Germans have their eyes on a richer, more "our country." Shall we wait for them to demand indemnities at the point of bayonets or shall we help defeat their plans over on the other side? There is but one answer.

PLUG THAT LEAK

According to the census report our state is supporting 1,938 persons at public expense. This number is distributed thru insane asylums, tuberculosis sanatoria, the industrial school for boys, the state's prison, the reformatory and the institution for feeble-minded.

Unless the public becomes weary of this unnecessary burden and takes intelligent steps to do away with it, the number of dependents will increase as time goes on. Criminal tendencies, insanity, pauperism and delinquency are in part contagious and in part hereditary. Much of the poverty which requires the maintenance of poor farms is due to preventable and curable diseases which are now neither cured nor prevented. People are not, as a general rule, just bad or just lazy; frequently their badness or laziness is a symptom of disease.

Of the inmates of reformatories, prisons and industrial schools, it has been conservatively estimated that from thirty to fifty per cent are feeble-minded, feeble-mindedness is in most instances not curable, but it is preventable. Just as soon as tax-payers and their governmental representatives realize that the diseases are curable and preventable, they will demand that cure and prevention be instituted. It will no longer be considered the just and charitable thing to do merely to take care of the results, overlooking the cause of removing the cause.

Much of our management of such problems is at the present time comparable to the housewife's attempt to mop up water which will eventually rot her floor instead of having the leaky tap repaired. Consider tuberculosis for an illustration. This disease is responsible for more widowed and orphaned than any other single cause. It is not sufficient to care for those who are sick until they are dead and then provide for the orphaned children in an institution. It would be far more intelligent to prevent the original sickness, especially as it is a most unusually good orphanage which is better than a pair of reasonably good parents.

GLANDER-LEDER

Miss Meta Glander and Mr. Arthur Leder, the former of Mayville and the latter of this city, were united at Mayville on Tuesday, Rev. Short performing the ceremony. They were accompanied by Miss Mollie Leder, sister of the groom, and Mr. Victor Bittner. The newlyweds left the same day for this city for a short visit with the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Leder, and at the conclusion of their honeymoon they will go to Mayville to live, where the groom has been employed for some time past.

"The groom is a Grand Rapids boy who has lived here the greater part of his life and who has many friends here to wish him a happy journey home."

Specials for Saturday

Oct. 20th, at the New Meat Market

Tender Round Steak ..... 18c  
Tender Sirloin ..... 18c  
Tender Porterhouse ..... 18c  
Fresh Hamburger ..... 18c  
Pancake Beef Tenderloin ..... 25c  
Choice boneless Roast Beef ..... 22c  
5 pounds for ..... \$1.00  
Tender Pot Roast ..... 17c  
Tender Beef Stew ..... 16c  
Rib Boiling Beef ..... 13c  
Fresh Pigs Feet ..... 9c  
Fresh Spare Ribs ..... 18c  
Fresh Neck Ribs ..... 10c  
Pork or Beef Liver ..... 12 1/2c  
Pork Shoulder Roast ..... 26c  
4 pounds for ..... \$1.00  
Extra Fancy Veal off the leg ..... 24c  
Veal Kidney Roast ..... 22c  
Veal Shoulder Roast ..... 26c  
Veal Chops ..... 22c  
Veal Stew, off the bone ..... 18c  
Choice Mutton, off the leg ..... 25c  
Mutton Chops or Roast, off the rib or loin ..... 22c  
Mutton Stew, breast ..... 18c  
Frankfurts or Weiners ..... 18c  
Pologna or Polish ..... 17c  
Liver and Blood Sausage ..... 17c  
Jewel Shortening, 5 lbs. ..... \$1.15  
Oleomargarine, 5 lbs. ..... \$1.25  
Fancy dressed Spring Chickens ..... 25c

Bargains!

I have several big bargains in rebuilt Top Duggies and light Spring Wagons. Look these over, as I can save you some easy money.

Remember I do all kinds of Upholstering, Wagon Building and General Repairing.

MR. J. F. MOORE

a Wagon Maker of large acquaintance in this city and vicinity, has been added to my wagon department.

Sweet Carriage Works,

Baker Street, East Side

KILLED WHILE HUNTING

New London Press: John DeBruin, 20-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John DeBruin, town of Freedom, was killed while hunting about 11:30 Sunday morning by the accidental discharge of a shotgun while hunting rabbits in a grove about four miles north of the village of Freedom. The fall of the young man was such that he fell when he attempted to pull the loaded gun toward, muzzle first. DeBruin and a companion, John Sanderfoot, had just reached the grove when the shot was fired. The rabbit and chased him under a pile of fence posts to which the young men were attracted by the dog's barking. DeBruin laid the gun on the post which began searching for the rabbit which suddenly darted out from its hole and started across the field. The young man reached for his gun and was pulling it toward himself when the trigger caught in the netting and discharged, the full load of shot striking him in the chest and tearing a great hole. Sanderfoot saw the accident and ran to a nearby house to summon assistance, saying that DeBruin was shot.

CAMPAIN NOW ON

The men having in charge the sale of Liberty Loan Bonds in this city are making an active campaign and it is expected that the sale of bonds will be considerably more during the next few days than they have during the days just past.

Thomas in charge of the matter have made no reports as to the amount of the sales since Tuesday night, and at that time the reports were not complete, so that they carried no weight.

The only complete report at that time was from the Nokoska-Belwars Paper company, who reported a sale of \$26,000 among their employees alone. The management of this company has adopted the plan of having the purchase of bonds whenever an employee desired it, and allowing the employee to repay them on the installment plan. This scheme proved quite popular, as was evidenced by the number of bonds sold.

WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE—One black mare, 1400 lbs., milch cow; 2 heifers, Call J. J. Corcoran, 12th and Chestnut St., phone 1007.

FOR SALE—Several large heating stoves, suitable for hall, school-house or large room. See Geo. F. Krieger.

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WANTED—Girl at the Commercial Hotel.

WANT TO BUY—A small second-hand coal heater. Must be small and reasonably cheap. Call 1059.

FOR SALE—2 good wood heaters, Telephone 1035. Miss Louise Noetzel.

WANTED—\$1800 first mortgage on real estate. Write Box 87, Rudolph Wisconsin.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, 100-acre farm in Saratoga. Fair set of buildings. Stream. About 60 acres under plow, balance in wood and pasture land. E. N. Pomerville, dealer in real estate and insurance.

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FARM FOR SALE—98 acres, 65 acres clear, balance pasture and good buildings at a bargain. Box 87, Rudolph, Wis.

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Last Friday night occurred the death of Mrs. Wm. Wolf, one of the oldest residents here, death being caused by dropsy. She was buried in the cemetery at Seneca Corners.

She leaves a husband and two sons, William and Theodore to mourn her loss. The bereaved relatives have the sympathy of this community in their affliction.

The new cheese factory is building a house for the cheese factory. Edwin Marx and Frank Huser are getting ready to lay concrete floors in their bands.

Edwin Wipfl celebrated his 80th birthday last Sunday at the home of his son Carl.

At the cheese factory meeting last week, Wm. Peters was elected treasurer and O. J. Lea secretary. It was agreed to pay Mr. Wheeler \$24 cents a pound for making cheese, provided he makes cheese that commands the highest market price.

Alford again distinguished itself by capturing a good share of the prizes at the Johnson & Hill fair last week.

Mrs. Henry Baldridge is quarantining her father, mother and sister from Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. Jensen are the proud parents of a baby boy born Oct. 16. Mrs. W. Danson and children returned to their home in Wisconsin after an extended visit at the B. C. Eggert home.

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EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

PLEASANT HILL

Loy Dawson and wife who have been visiting his parents here left last week for Evanston where he will attend a theological college.

P. H. Likierman left Monday from a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. McManners at Black River Falls.

Fred Penske is thrashing north of Vesper at the present.

W. A. Zuckie returned Monday from Spencer after a few days visit with relatives there.

The Aug. Passer farm has been sold to a man from Grand Rapids, who will take possession Nov. 1. Mr. Spoor will move to Vesper.

August Herzburg made a business trip to Grand Rapids Saturday.

Eaching Area has the new wood house for Dist No. 6 about completed.

The past week has been a bad one. Four inches of snow and thermometer at 14 below zero. Lots of potatoes are yet to be dug.

Ernest Dawes was so tickled Sunday morning that he forgot that the past week was a small winter. The cause was his visit to his mother, who came to live with him for 21 years.

Mrs. E. Brooks returned last week after a five weeks visit with relatives in the southern part of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Zerkow, of Sherry spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hansen.

Several of our farmers delivered stock in Vesper Saturday.

W. A. Zuckie entertained relatives from Grand Rapids Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dupu moved to Pittsville the first of the week.

REMINGTON

Mr. and Mrs. George Lowe of St. Paul, Minnesota, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lowe several days last week.

Miss Elsie Danne spent Saturday and Sunday at her home at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lowe.

Miss Elsie Danne and Minnie Whitelaw were visitors in Pittsville Sunday where they attended a birthday party at the Rutledge home in honor of F. W. Rutledge.

Mr. Clark was in our neighborhood last week buying potatoes of the farmers at 8c per bushel.

Mrs. C. Griswold of Daily visited at the home of Mrs. Sanderfoot.

Frank Seebrock and sisters Margaret and Martha, Mamie and Anna McCullough drove to Pittsville last Sunday.

Lowe has built a new silo on his farm.

Miss Kate Daniels of Rudolph visited at the home of her parents Saturday and Sunday at Daily.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Griswold of Daily were guests at the Rutledge home in Pittsville the first of last week.

Mrs. Wm. Bowden entertained relatives from Tomah Saturday, Sunday and Monday, they being Mr. and Mrs. E. Hartwig.

August Rutz made a business trip to Pittsville one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James McCullough and daughter Mayne went to Grand Rapids last Friday with Mr. and Mrs. E. Laybarn.

SHERRY

Miss M. E. McLaughlin has given up her position at the North West Collegiate Institute where she has been for the past three years. She and her brother, C. D. McLaughlin, have rented the Tim O'Connell place and will move there where they have now gone to spend a few days at Rock Island, her old home.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Feldman are spending a few days at the home of Mrs. Feldman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wiley.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Dille are visiting at the home of John Lounsbury this week.

Miss Hazel Parks came home from the Central at Stevens Point for the week end.

A farewell party was given at the town hall Monday evening in honor of the Chas. Sommers family who are moving to the school where they have bought a farm. Their many friends will miss the family very much in this community.

ALTDORF

Last Friday night occurred the death of Mrs. Wm. Wolf, one of the oldest residents here, death being caused by dropsy. She was buried in the cemetery at Seneca Corners.

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SARATOGA

A heavy snowstorm Tuesday, 31st, hurried practically all the grasshoppers, and we fear that the crops were so badly injured for winter that many will not survive, and if they are destroyed, what can be blamed for eating our crops next year? Well, we should worry. We should only be seeing out our stock and family out of the fruits of our year's labor—a truly theoretical event in our experience as farmers.

What Jack Frost doesn't nip or cut, the decay or frost-kills, or the potato bugs, the rabbits or our neighbor's cattle, and we get the kibosh.

Mrs. Christine Carlson, a deaconess and formerly a missionary against Mormonism in Utah and also Sweden, is visiting at the Charles Lundberg home. She favored our Sunday school last Sunday with a powerful little sermon on "God for all." He loved the world that he gave his only begotten son that whosoever she is satisfied that "whosoever" spoils Christmas.

Mrs. Carlson is in Chicago, where she is famous for her deeds of love and especially among the poor who are in no way able to repay her kind acts and ministrations.

Scoutmaster sometimes some more, and sometimes none are working on the new bridge. The county line is closed and we hope it will stay closed for a long while, for we are having lots of trouble with the road.

When we turn into our trail just where the "next road west" lies. It's a joke to see all that nice grass burned just to have a bunch pronounced "we're having a good time" and never for a moment have we imagined we were lost and when a guy pulls up and says "guess we're lost" we just smile and say "don't know just where you are. But don't get a fellow's notion to have a guy stand and argue with him that 'this must be the right road, where's the bridge?' That old Dutchman over there told us the road." Yeh-yah. Who nose?

CITY POINT

Walter Christopherson left for Saginaw, Michigan, last Thursday.

Grandma Olson visited her daughter, Mrs. M. Knutson, a couple of days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Franson, Chester and Mildred Jensen and Leon Rider visited in Grand Rapids and Marshfield Sunday.

L. H. Ellis transacted business in Grand Rapids Monday.

Ed Spelch of Pittsville was in town Tuesday.

A number of our young people attended the basket social at the Fresh school house last Saturday evening.

William and Frank Haug, P. Seppala and T. J. Staffon were at Babcock Sunday.

Lots of potato buyers in our vicinity nowadays. Loren Ellis bought over a car load Tuesday.

Along the Seneca Road

The S. S. C. will hold their regular meeting next Thursday with Mrs. W. E. Nelson.

W. H. Trask and Tony Walczak who are working for the Stein Construction Co. at Ashland, spent Sunday at home.

Fred Rauts made a business trip to Portage last Friday.

Miss R. Hargrave and Miss Merriam attended the S. S. convention at Vesper last Monday.

Several farmers in this vicinity have not all their potatoes dug yet, and some of them got badly frosted last Friday night.

Will Merriam of Bartlett, Illinois, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Merriam, while on a business trip.

Miss Ben Clausen and Mrs. Wm. Collier and Mrs. Smith of Grand Rapids are also at home for a few weeks stay.

SARATOGA

Mrs. N. H. Potter of Grand Rapids spent the past week at the C. H. Remann home.

Harold Rohman had the misfortune to break his arm last week.

West. Mr. and Mrs. Franklin were callers at the P. Knutson home last Sunday.

Mrs. Ben Clausen and Mrs. Wm. Collier and Mrs. Smith of Grand Rapids are also at home for a few weeks stay.

Mrs. Gust Anderson who has been spending the past two months at the W. Anderson home, departed Monday for her home in Chicago.







**KNUTH-LIEZKE**  
Miss Elsie Knuth and Mr. Frank Liezke, both of the town of Sigel, were married on Wednesday morning at the Sigel Lutheran church. They were accompanied by Misses Ella Liezke, Esther Ott and Jennie Russ, and Messrs. Clarence Leonard and Dick Knuth. At the conclusion of the ceremony there was a reception and wedding dinner at the home of the bride's parents in the town of Sigel, at which there were a number of invited guests. Mr. and Mrs. Liezke, upon their return from the wedding trip, will make their home in the town of Sigel.

**JENNIE G. TAYLOR**  
TEACHER OF PIANO  
Telephone 528

**O. N. MORTENSEN, M. D.**  
Citizens Bank Building  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.  
Phones: Office 597; Res. 828  
X-RAY

**W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.**  
Practice Limited to  
EYE, EAR, NOSE & THROAT  
Classes fitted correctly. Ear and Eye Surgery, Riverview Hospital, Office in Wood County Bank Building. Phone No. 254

**DR. J. K. GOODRICH**  
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN  
Entrance west of Bank of Grand Rapids. Office hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 8

**W. E. WHEELAN**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Office in Daily Block, East Side  
Telephone No. 243  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**D. D. CONWAY**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Law, Loans and Collections. We have \$2,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First Natl. Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**J. J. JEFFREY**  
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Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office across from Church's Drug Store

**Goggins, Bravau & Goggins**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
Office in the Mackinac Block on the south side  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
Telephone No. 104

**GEO. L. WILLIAMS**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Office in Wood Block over postoffice  
Telephone No. 91  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**O. R. MOORE**  
PHOTOGRAPHER  
Opposite First National Bank  
Twenty-six years behind the camera, but not a day behind the times.

**W. E. LYLE**  
Licensed Embalmer and  
Funeral Director  
Store on West Side  
Lady Attendant if Desired  
Night phone 886; Day phone 885

**HELEN M. GILKEY**  
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Residence 210, South 4th Street

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Store 812

**SPAFFORD BUILDING**  
East Side  
John Braser, residence phone  
No. 435

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North Second Street East Side  
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Business Phone 401  
Night Calls, 402  
Personal Attention Given  
All Work

**A. H. FACHE, D. C.**  
CHIROPRACTOR  
Room 7, MacKinnon  
Block, Grand Rapids,  
Wisconsin. Phone 873  
If you are sick, the  
cause is in your spine  
Take CHIROPRACTIC  
"SPINAL ADJUSTMENTS" and  
get well  
Consultation Hours  
9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 6,  
7 to 9 p. m.  
(Consultation Free)  
Lady Attendants

**GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE**  
Thursday, October 18, 1917  
Published by  
W. A. DRUMB & A. E. SUTOR  
Entered at the postoffice at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, as second class matter.  
Subscription Price—Per year, \$1.50.  
Six months, 75c; 3 months, 40c; if paid in advance.  
Published every Thursday at Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.  
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**ADVERTISING RATES**  
Resolutions, each ..... 75c  
Card of Thanks, each ..... 10c  
Transient Posters, per line ..... 5c  
Quotations, per line ..... 5c  
Paid Entertainments, per line ..... 5c  
Display Ad Rates, per inch ..... 15c

**LET AMERICA PAY THE BILL**  
Knowing how carefully the German press is censored, it may be taken for granted that when anything gets by it is in accord with the ruling class. The following editorial comment appeared in the *Kelnsche Volkszeitung*:  
"Certainly the heads of our army and navy weighed the possibilities carefully before deciding upon ruthless submarine warfare. We are entitled to a thumping indemnity and we do not care who pays it. Those states which have already sacrificed immense sums will be unable to pay it, therefore America will have to unburden itself of the bill."  
Just note that the countries now overrun by German armies "have already sacrificed immense sums" and therefore will be unable to pay "a thumping indemnity." Note also that because of their devastation the Germans have their eyes on a richer field—our country. Shall we wait until they demand indemnities at the point of bayonets or shall we help defeat their plans over on the other side? There is but one answer.

**PLUG THAT LEAK**  
According to the census report our state is supporting 11,938 persons at public expense. This number is distributed thru insane asylums, tuberculosis sanatoria, the industrial school, the state's prison, the reformatory and the institution for feeble-minded.  
Unless the public becomes weary of this enormous burden and takes intelligent steps to do away with it, the number of dependents will increase as time goes on. Criminal tendencies, insanity, pauperism and delinquency are in part contagious and in part hereditary. Much of the poverty which requires the maintenance of poor farms is due to preventable and curable diseases which are now neither cured nor prevented. People are not, as a general rule, just bad or just lazy. Frequently their badness or laziness is a symptom of disease.  
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Fresh Hamburger ..... 18c  
Fancy Beef Tenderloin ..... 25c  
Choice boneless Roast Beef, 5 pounds for ..... \$1.00  
Tender Pot Roast ..... 17c  
Tender Beef Steak ..... 16c  
Rib Boiling Beef ..... 13c  
Fresh Pigs Feet ..... 9c  
Fresh Spare Ribs ..... 18c  
Fresh Neck Ribs ..... 10c  
Pork or Beef Liver ..... 12 1/2c  
Pork Shoulder Roast ..... 26c  
4 pounds for ..... \$1.00  
Extra fancy Veal off the leg ..... 24c  
Veal Kidney Roast ..... 22c  
Veal Shoulder Roast ..... 20c  
Veal Chops ..... 22c  
Veal Stew, off the breast ..... 18c  
Choice Mutton, off the leg ..... 25c  
Mutton Chops or Roast, off the rib or loin ..... 22c  
Mutton Stew, breast ..... 18c  
Frankfurters or Weiners ..... 18c  
Bologna or Polish ..... 17c  
Liver and Blood Sausage ..... 17c  
Jewel Shortening, 5 lbs. ..... \$1.15  
Oleomargarine, 5 lbs. ..... \$1.25  
Fancy dressed Spring Chickens ..... 25c

**EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY**  
Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

**PLEASANT HILL**  
Roy Dawson and wife who have been visiting his parents here left last week for Evanston where he will attend a theological college.  
H. Likke returned last Monday from a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. McManis at Black River Falls.  
Fred Fenske is threshing north of Vesper at the present.  
W. A. Zuelke returned Monday from Spencer after a few days visit with his parents.  
The Aug. Passer farm has been sold to a man from Grand Rapids, who will take possession Nov. 1. Mr. Springer will move to Vesper.

**SARATOGA**  
A heavy snowstorm Tuesday, the 9th, buried practically all the grass that was so woefully unprepared for winter that many will not survive and if they are not cut, the rabbits or our neighbor's cattle get, and we get the kibosh.  
Mrs. Christine Carlson, a deaconess, formerly a missionary against Mormonism in Utah and also Sweden, is visiting at the Charles Lundberg home. She favored our Sunday school last Sunday with a powerful little sermonette on "God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten son that whosoever, and she carried some notes that she had written that that "whosoever" spells Christine Carlson. Mrs. Carlson's home is in Chicago, where she is especially among the poor who are in no way able to repay her kind acts and ministering hands.  
Sometimes some, sometimes some, and sometimes some are working on the new bridge. The county line is closed and we hope it will stay closed for a long while, for we are having the best of the road, and we are in no way able to repay her kind acts and ministering hands.  
Several of our farmers delivered stock in Vesper Saturday.  
W. A. Zuelke entertained relatives from Granton Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dupa moved to Pittsville the first of the week.

**REMINGTON**  
Mr. and Mrs. George Lowe of St. Paul, Minnesota, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lowe several days last week.  
Miss Elsie Danne spent Saturday and Sunday at her home.  
Lawrence Griswold, Minnie White, Elsie Danne and Violetta Griswold were visitors in Pittsville Sunday when they attended a birthday party at the Roule home in honor of F. W. Roule.  
Mr. Clark was in our neighborhood last week buying potatoes of the farmers at 80c per bushel.  
Mrs. C. Griswold of Daly visited at the Lowe home Sunday.  
Frank Seabury, a sister of Mrs. Seabury and Martha, Nannie and Margaret McCullough drove to Pittsville last Sunday.  
C. S. Lowe has built a new silo on his farm.  
Miss Kate Daniels of Rudolph visited at the home of her parents Saturday and Sunday at her home.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. Griswold of Daly were guests at the Roule home in Pittsville the fore part of last week.  
Mrs. Wm. Bowden entertained friends from Tuesday to Sunday, Sunday and Monday, they being Mr. and Mrs. E. Bartel.  
August Rutz made a business trip to Pittsville one day last week and Mrs. James McCullough and daughter Mayne went to Grand Rapids last Friday with M. and Mrs. E. Lubbens.

**SHERRY**  
Miss M. E. McLaughlin has given up her duties as matron at the North-western Hotel where she has been for the past three years. She and her brother, C. D. McLaughlin, have rented the T. D. McLaughlin place and will live there this winter. She has now gone to spend a few days at Rock Island, her old home.  
Mr. and Mrs. Joe Feldman are spending a few days at the home of Mrs. Feldman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whitney.  
Mr. and Mrs. Brice Dille are visiting at the home of John Lounsbury this week.  
Miss Hazel Parks came home from the Normal at Stevens Point for the week end.  
A farewell party was given at the town hall Monday evening in honor of the Chas. Sommers family who are moving this week to Schofield where they have bought a new home. Mr. Sommers will be the family very much in this community.

**ALTDORF**  
Last Friday night occurred the death of Mrs. Wm. Wolf, one of the oldest residents here, death being caused by dropsy. She was buried in the cemetery at Seneca Corners. She leaves a husband and two sons, William and Theodore to mourn her loss. The bereaved relatives have the sympathy of this community in their affliction.  
The new cheesemaker is building a house near the cheese factory.  
Edwin Marx and Frank Huser are getting ready to lay concrete floors in their barns.  
Grandpa Wipf celebrated his 80th birthday last Sunday at the home of his son C. W. Wipf.  
At the cheese factory meeting last week, Wm. Peters was elected treasurer and O. J. Leu secretary. It was agreed to pay Mr. Wer 2 1/2 cents a pound for making cheese, provided he makes cheese that commands the highest market price.  
Altdorf again distinguished itself by capturing a goodly share of the prizes at the Johnson & Hill fair last week.

**KEELNER**  
Mrs. Henry Baldridge is entertaining her father, mother and sister from Illinois.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jensen are the proud parents of a baby boy born Oct. 16. Mrs. W. Damon and children returned to Appleton Saturday after an extended visit at the B. G. Eggert home.  
Louis Wasnor and family left Saturday for Chicago where they will spend the winter.  
Misses Bernice and Zella Eggert are spending the week with their parents.  
Mr. Schultz of Chicago is visiting home folks this week.  
Mr. Plund returned to Chicago the first of the week on business.  
Mrs. Art Ruege of Grand Rapids visited over Sunday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Buss.  
J. W. Ramsey left Wednesday for Iowa where he will visit his children.

**PLOVER ROAD**  
Joseph Fergen who has been employed in Chicago for some time, is home for a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Fergen.  
Gilbert Young is employed in the Rappold and Esther Voigt have been at Plover visiting their sister the past week.  
Robert Walter who is employed at Nekosia, spent Sunday at home.  
Henry Voigt of Biron spent Monday at the home of his brother, Wm. Voigt.  
Arthur Moll of Grand Rapids helped his brother Gilbert dig potatoes for a few days.

**ARPIN**  
Homer Cook made a trip to Janesville Tuesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bluet of the Rapids spent Sunday in the Arpin vicinity.  
Mr. and Mrs. Steve Stofets are the proud parents of a 9-pound son born Thursday, October 11.  
Mrs. Moran Morris of Mandan, North Dakota, is visiting relatives here.  
G. H. Cutler of Sherry spent Sunday at the home of P. M. Cutler. Grandpa Olson visited her daughter at Milladore Monday and attended the auction sale held by Mrs. Hazelton. Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Cutler and Mrs. M. Morris made a trip to Pittsville Wednesday.  
Mrs. M. Morris of Mandan, North Dakota, called on Mrs. Ed Morris of Sherry Monday.  
Lester Cutler returned Thursday from Knapp where he had been visiting.  
Mr. and Mrs. Garth Whittingham and Bernice VanNatta returned to their school's Saturday after spending a week's vacation at their home here.

**CITY POINT**  
Walter Christopherson left for Saginaw, Michigan, last Thursday. Grandpa Olson visited her daughter, Mrs. A. H. Knudson, a couple of days last week.  
Mr. and Mrs. M. Franson, Chester and Mildred Jensen and Lester (Lester) visited in Grand Rapids and Marshfield Sunday.  
L. H. Ellis transacted business in Grand Rapids Monday.  
Ed Spels of Pittsville was in town Tuesday.  
A number of our young people attended the basketball game at the school house last Saturday evening.  
William and Frank Haug, P. Seesevick and T. J. Stauff were at Balauch Sunday.  
Lots of potato buyers in our vicinity nowadays. Loren Ellis bought over a car load Tuesday.

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION**  
Department of the Interior,  
U. S. Land Office, Wisconsin, at  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, do hereby  
give notice that the following land  
has been located for sale by the  
United States Government, to-wit:  
Section 21, Township 23 N., Range  
10 E., 1st Meridian, in the  
County of Grand Rapids, State of  
Wisconsin, containing 36.00 acres,  
more or less, and is subject to  
sale at public auction, to-wit:  
On the 21st day of November, 1917,  
at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.  
The land is owned by E. H. Huser,  
U. S. Deputy of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.  
W. H. Hall of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin,  
is the agent for the sale of the  
land.  
THOMAS C. BROWN,  
Register.

**Along the Seneca Road**  
The S. S. C. will hold their regular meeting next Thursday with Mrs. W. E. Nelson.  
Will Tusk and Tony Waterkack are working for the Seneca Construction Co. at Auburndale, spent Sunday at home.  
Fred Raults made a business trip to Portage last Friday.  
Mrs. J. R. Merriam and Miss Merriam attended the S. S. convention at Vesper last Monday.  
Several farmers in the town vicinity have not all their potatoes dug yet, and some of them got badly frosted last Friday night.  
Will Merriam of Bancroft, Illinois, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Merriam, while on a business trip to Stanley. Mr. Merriam has charge of Harbott. Miss Merriam is also at home for a few weeks stay.

**SARATOGA**  
Mrs. N. H. Potter of Grand Rapids spent the past week at the C. H. Feldman home.  
Harold Reiman had the misfortune to break his leg last week.  
Mrs. H. Wagner and Mrs. Franklin were callers at the P. Knutson home last Sunday.  
Mrs. E. Cleland and Mrs. Wm. Collier and Mrs. Smith of Grand Rapids were callers at the M. P. Johnson home Monday.  
Mrs. Guste Anderson who has been spending the past two months at the W. Anderson home, departed Monday for her home in Chicago.  
Mrs. Carlson of Chicago visited at the C. W. Lundberg home last Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Knutson spent the past Sunday at the Frank Ross home in South Saratoga.  
Mrs. Irvin Gukenberger and son Lester returned Saturday from a visit with her sister in LaCrosse.

**MEEHAN**  
A. E. Swensen of Chicago was here the latter part of last week looking after his farming interests and calling on friends.  
W. F. Teller had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. L. and Mr. and Mrs. P. P. of Plainfield drove up here Sunday in the former's new car and spent the day with friends.  
Our local road commissioner, Ed Parks, expects to start work this week. The work will be done mostly on the branch roads this year, as the main Plover road is now a trunk line and will undoubtedly be utilized by the state in the near future.  
An exceptionally hard freeze struck us last Friday night, October 12, freezing the ground solid for two or three inches deep. Many fields of potatoes that were still in the ground were quite badly frozen, making quite a loss to the owners, considering the high price of this product.

**RUDOLPH**  
John Omholt of Grand Rapids for-closed his mortgage on his place the past week and has now taken possession.  
Art Clark has rented his brother's grain mill and is fixing up the same to do grinding this winter.  
Mrs. John Wilkins entertained the Ladies' Aid Wednesday.  
Grandpa Jensen who is staying with his daughter, Mrs. K. J. Mar-seau, has not been very well of late. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Whitrock spent Sunday in Wausa.  
Miss Mary Vadnais returned home the past week from Brainerd, Minnesota, where she has been staying with her brother, Joe Vadnais the past few months. Miss Vadnais had a good position there but was called home to assist her mother who has not been feeling very well lately.  
Mrs. Roddick and family who had to give up their farm on account of Mr. Omholt foreclosing the mortgage, loaded their household goods on Tuesday and are going to Watertown to live.  
Mrs. Bat Sharkey went to Grand Rapids Tuesday to visit relatives.  
Lester Peterson returned home last week Tuesday from the west where he has spent the past year. Lawrence Akey who was with him, stopped in St. Paul to visit his sister and expected home soon.  
The dance in Haumschild's hall Monday night was well attended.  
Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Jackson were busy callers in Mosinee Monday.  
Len Schneider of Biron spent Sunday and Monday at the Ratelle home. Mrs. Schneider is expected home Tuesday from a two weeks visit in Tony.  
Percy Millenbach spent Sunday with his parents in Fond Du Lac. His little first born Edward was born Friday evening, they being struck by a train on the St. Paul road.  
Mrs. Arthur Clark returned home from Merrill Monday evening.

**MARKET REPORT**  
Spring Chickens ..... 13  
Hens ..... 10  
Roosters ..... 10  
Geese ..... 13  
Hides ..... 14-15  
Beef ..... 12-13  
Veal ..... 12-13  
Pork, dressed ..... 16-17  
Lard ..... 38  
Oats ..... 68  
Hay, timothy ..... 10.00-11.00  
Rye ..... 1.75  
Butter ..... 28-30  
Patent Flour ..... 12.00  
Rye Flour ..... 10.25  
New Potatoes ..... 1.00

**THE NAME OF THE**  
**First National Bank**  
on your Savings Pass Book, means Security, Service and Satisfaction.

If you appreciate Security, good Service and Sincere Efforts to maintain the highest standards of banking, we invite you to keep your account with us.

**First National Bank**  
GRAND RAPIDS -- WISCONSIN

**"The Bank that Does Things for You"**

**MOTOR SALES CO.**  
Old Johnson & Hill Bldg. Grand Rapids, Wis.

**Who Ever Heard of A Nervous Hollander?**  
IN Holland, where cocoa is the national drink, they don't know what nervousness means. And delicious Bunte Cocoa is made from Holland's very best formula. Try it today—you'll agree that Bunte's is the best you ever tasted.  
Your good grocers carry Bunte Cocoa  
Bunte Brothers  
Chicago  
Makers of world famous Bunte Candies and Cough Drops

**Now is the time to keep engines warm!**  
Radiator and Engine Robes made here in the city, guaranteed to fit and wear. I also repair and make new tops, side curtains, upholstery and seat covers. Furniture Upholstered and Repaired.

**Grand Rapids Auto Trim Shop**  
R. F. SWEET, Opposite Witter Hotel

**Special to Farmers!**  
The average farmer is not a trained book-keeper. Just now he is too much occupied with deciding important matters to give much attention to clerical work.  
But the business management of farms requires accurate accounting, especially in money matters.  
So the Bank of Grand Rapids, to the farmers of Grand Rapids to entrust these troublesome details to its care. Open a check account with us and have a record of this fall's transactions.

**Bank of Grand Rapids**  
West Side

**You'll admit that Good Old Grand Rapids Beer**  
Can't Be Beat.  
Not a headache in it,  
No Dope. It's Great.  
We'll appreciate your calling for  
**Grand Rapids Beer**  
See that you get it. It's fine.

**GRAND RAPIDS BREWING CO.**  
24 Bottles for \$2.35 Phone 177

**DODGE BROTHERS**  
MOTOR CAR  
In Mexico and on the American border it has distinguished itself in government service.  
The government is taking as high as 300 of these cars per day for service in the army. A person familiar with the right specifications of army supplies will appreciate the full meaning of this.  
The gasoline consumption is unusually low. The tire mileage is unusually high. The price of the Touring Car or Roadster complete is \$3350 (f. o. b. Detroit)

**MOTOR SALES CO.**  
Old Johnson & Hill Bldg. Grand Rapids, Wis.



### REDUCE COST OF POULTRY FEED

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 2.—If the American poultry supply is not to be depleted next year, farmers must refrain from disposing of their stock this fall.

Immediate action, to prevent unwise unloading of pullets because of high market prices and high cost of feed is necessary, according to Grant M. Curtis, Chicago, who was one of the chief speakers at the recent convention of the American Poultry Association here.

The convention requested Herbert Hoover to take some immediate action to reduce the cost of poultry feeds. "This chicken man says, is necessary if the supply of poultry is to be normal next year."

Now is the time, breeders say, to make careful selections of a stock for feeding during the winter and spring breeding. It pointed out that market prices for eggs will guarantee breeders adequate returns for feeding good stock through the winter under normal conditions.

Efficiency is the watchword of the poultry raisers and this applies to the hen.

"A hen that won't lay more than 60 eggs a year isn't worth keeping," said R. V. Lewis, prominent poultry breeder. "The efficient poultry man will weed out of his flocks all hens that will not average 200 eggs a year."

The Women of Korea  
In Korea women occupy a place in society which has no parallel elsewhere in the Orient. They are both better and worse off than in China or India or Japan—better off because there are more fields open to them, worse because they are overworked, often ill-treated, and until recently were actually enslaved.

### WISCONSIN GRAIN WINS 'THE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP PRIZE'

The high bred and improved grains, dairy and farm products of Wisconsin have again shown their superiority to all others at the international soil products exposition held at Exeter, Illinois.

As a result Wisconsin, for the tenth successive time, won the world's championship on barley, competing with the best barley sections of the United States and Canada. The winning sample was exhibited by William Bell of Arlington.

Wisconsin also won first on spring and winter wheat in competition with the great wheat states of the west. This is a reminder that Wisconsin is a reminder that Wisconsin can do when it again places emphasis on this crop.

The fact that Wisconsin is one of the two greatest potato states in the Union, and probably first in quality and standard varieties, was recognized by five first and three second on six leading varieties in world's competition. Samples were submitted by F. S. Campbell of Three Lakes and H. L. Brooks of Tomahawk.

Wisconsin won first on clover seed, field peas, blue-joint, second on timothy, sweet clover, orchard grass and Durum wheat.

Wisconsin won the \$75 prize for the best display from an individual farm, from the farm of H. S. Krueger of Beaver Dam.

The Wisconsin exhibit was in charge of E. C. Backer, director of immigration, Wisconsin department of agriculture, assisted by R. B. Krueger.

A splendid display was presented along lines of general live stock and dairying.

Special emphasis was placed upon the Wisconsin sheep industry, and great opportunities of sheep in upper Wisconsin. This exhibit formed an excellent opportunity for favorable comparison of the well watered regions of Wisconsin, the Central states and Western plains.

In this intensive agriculture lies the supremacy of Wisconsin.

### PRIZES AWARDED AT THE FARM EXHIBIT

Following the exhibit of farm produce made in the basement of the Johnson & Hill store last week, those having the best produce were awarded prizes, and a list of the following is published:

1st prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
2nd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
3rd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.

Straw Bounties  
1st prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
2nd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
3rd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.

Early Onions  
1st prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
2nd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
3rd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.

Golden Glow Cabbages  
1st prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
2nd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
3rd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.

Golden Glow Cabbages  
1st prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
2nd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
3rd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.

Golden Glow Cabbages  
1st prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
2nd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.  
3rd prize, Herbert Leach, Vesper, R. P. D. 1.

### PILING MANURE ON QUACK GRASS SEED

Where hay containing seeds of various kinds is fed to livestock, it is a very easy matter to have barnyard manure become badly infested with weed seeds.

That there is a real danger of getting land infested with quack grass thru the manure has been recognized by many farmers, but too often only after bitter experience. One company working about 80 horses every winter writes that they can not get rid of the manure because they get more or less weed seeds in their hay bought from all over the country. Neither they nor neighboring farmers want to use the manure on their land for fear of spreading quack grass on it. Nor does the average man like to fertilize his fields with manure from city livery stables or such other places.

This danger can be overcome by keeping the manure in piles 6 to 8

### WHEAT SAVERS WANT WISCONSIN RECIPES

That the people of the country are eager to avail themselves of reliable information which may help them to save the wheat supply by substituting other cereals, is well shown by the wide demands for the circular, "Ways to Use Barley," published by the college of agriculture, University of Wisconsin.

Letters asking for copies of this circular have been received from residents of nearly 20 different states, as well as from Canada and England.

The pamphlet contains some helpful recipes on the making of bread, muffins, scones, spoon cake, pudding, breakfast food and broth from barley meal and flour. As to the food value of barley it is said to contain about as much tissue-building material as hard wheat, and furnishes comparable quantities of heat-giving and bone-building ingredients.

### DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTRAN & CO. CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD Surgeon Obstetrics, Diseases of Women Heart and Lungs	DR. J. J. KORB Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Glasses Fitted
DR. W. H. BARTRAN Disease of the Stomach and Intestines	DR. E. WHITE X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories

DR. GODDARD will be at the HOTEL WITTER on Thursday, Oct. 25th. Consultation is Free. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

### THE TRUTH--and the PROOF

"WORDS AND PROMISES ARE ONLY GOOD WHEN BACKED UP BY DEEDS"

This axiom is just as true today as it was when Socrates uttered it hundreds of years ago.

And I attribute my success as a specialist principally to the fact that I never attempt to treat cases that are incurable, and second, that I back up my claims by absolute proof.

HERE IS THE PROOF:

They Say I Cure. Do You Believe Them?

WRITE TO THEM AND SATISFY YOURSELF. Such Proof can not be manufactured or imitated.

CURED OF APPENDICITIS

Black Creek, Wis., 2-17-13.

Dear Doctor:—

It is with pleasure that I write you to say that after treating with you I am completely cured of appendicitis and Gall Stones. Other doctors wanted to operate. I weigh 12 pounds more than I did when I started treatment. I was sent to you by a lady you cured of Gall Stones two years ago. You must refer to me at any time.

MISS MARTHA SCHINKE  
R. P. D. No. 23, Box 4,  
Black Creek, Wis.

CURED OF RUPTURE

Beaver Dam, Wis., Nov. 22, '15.

J. W. Post,  
Milwaukee, Wis.

Dear Sir:—

Answering your letter of the 20th, I am pleased to say that Dr. N. A. Goddard's treatment has been entirely satisfactory. I consider myself cured of my rupture and before taking treatment I made careful investigation of previous cases where I had been told to have had good results. I have never worn a truss since and have no bad effects or annoyance.

Very truly yours,  
C. A. STARKWATNER,  
Beaver Dam, Wis.

I treat all Chronic Diseases of both Men and Women, Rupture, Chronic Appendicitis, Gall Stones, Gout (without operation), Varicose Veins and Ulcers, Blood and Nervous Troubles.

Ladies suffering from disease peculiar to their sex should by all means consult me. I have saved scores from needless operations.

SEND FOR MY FREE BOOK

If you cannot call, a postal will bring my free book, "Modern Methods of Treating Chronic Diseases Without Operation."

REMEMBER

I never accept any invariable cases; I give a written guarantee of service in those cases that I do accept. My charges are in reach of all. Everything strictly confidential.

I visit Grand Rapids every four weeks and I will be at Hotel Witter at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Thursday, October 25th.

Hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

CONSULTATION FREE

**DR. GODDARD**  
Milwaukee Specialist

121 WISCONSIN STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

### TRYING TO SAVE COST

The State Council of Defense is making an effort to have the people of Wisconsin pay cash for their merchandise and carry it home, thus reducing the cost to the merchant and incidentally reducing the price to the customer.

As yet the people have not taken kindly to the plan, notwithstanding the fact that it is a good one and it worked out all along the line would mean a great saving of money and conservation of labor.

It is a well known fact that it costs more to deliver goods, and the smaller the article the greater the cost in proportion to the value of the thing delivered. Merchants who have installed cost systems in their stores and where the money goes, state that often the cost of delivering a small package is more than the actual value of the article bought.

While the one article does not have to bear all the burden, it is divided up so that each article sold has a certain amount tacked onto it, and the result is that the price of merchandise is a certain per cent higher on account of this extra service that is asked of the merchant.

Some merchants have adopted the plan of giving a discount to the persons who pay for their merchandise when they get it and carry it home.

### NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL SETTLEMENT

Wood County Court—In Probate in the Matter of the Estate of Herman Hill, Deceased.

On reading and filing the application of Gustav Hill, executor of the estate of Herman Hill, representing among other things, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing her account and for admitting and that the residue of the said estate be assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before this court on the 25th day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the city of Grand Rapids, on the fifth day of November, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place of examining and allowing said account and of admitting and that the residue of the said estate be assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, be given to all persons interested, hereby published in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in said county, before the day fixed for said hearing.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1917.  
By the Court,  
W. J. CONWAY,  
County Judge.

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County Judge.

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## LIBERTY; LIBERTY! LIBERTY!

### BONDS

Our Liberty Bond Club is a most convenient and easy method for saving FIFTY DOLLARS and at the same time you have the satisfied feeling that you are "doing your bit" for Uncle Sam in his hour of need.

Our little coupon books are very neat and the record very simple. ONE DOLLAR PER WEEK AND YOU OWN A BOND.

## Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

City, County, State and United States Depository

## NASH HARDWARE CO.

# AUTUMN SALE!

Commencing Monday, Oct. 8th, and lasting all week we will make Special Prices on all Earthenware, Cooking Utensils, as well as a number of lines of Graniteware. Special prices on Stoves and all kinds of Hardware, Guns, Cart-ridges, Kraut Cutters, Etc. Come and see one of our Meteor \$1.25 Watches.

## NASH HARDWARE CO.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.



No "War Prices"—  
not yet, anyhow.

For hundreds of years "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK has been the standby of the American farmer—his lumber "friend in need." Again this year it comes to his rescue. He must increase his barns, granaries and outbuildings of all kinds this year, for it's up to him to feed the world. HEMLOCK will do its bit.

"Old Faithful" HEMLOCK is still cheap!

We want him to know, before he begins to build anything, about our

### FREE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

for HEMLOCK buildings—houses, barns, garages, granaries, etc.—and how to get them from his local lumber dealer, with our HEMLOCK Coupon.

All that's necessary is to WRITE "The Hemlock Manufacturers," Oshkosh, Wis., and tell what sort of a building you intend erecting—that will bring both book and coupon. These plans and specifications are drawn by our expert architects. Write today—bring coupon to us when it comes and get plans and specifications free.

## KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.

Everything in Quality Lumber

and Building Material

Grand Rapids, Wis.



### Water for Your Country Home

No matter how far you live from the city, you can have all the sanitary conveniences of the best city water works system—an abundance of water, under strong pressure, for your bathroom, kitchen, laundry, lawn, garden—anywhere. Good fire protection too. This splendid water supply service assured, if you install the

### Kewanee System of Water Supply

is a complete and compact system—not a hasty collection of pipes, pump and tank thrown together on the job. That's why you find Kewanee users so well satisfied with the daily service they get from Kewanee Systems. The Kewanee is the original air pressure system—and in successful operation everywhere.

#### Kewanee Private Utilities

Now give all city comforts to the family in the country.

Water Supply Systems Sewage Disposal Plants  
Electric Light Plants Gasoline Engines  
Gasoline Storage Plants Windmill Pumps  
Vacuum Cleaning Systems

Md. by The Kewanee Private Utilities Co., Kewanee, Ill.

For Sale By

LEWIS ERON

PLUMBER

Third Avenue South

## FORMER LOCAL GIRL IS GAINING FAME

Isabel V. Akoy, now known to foundrymen all over the country as I. V. Scanlan, is a metallurgical expert, was born and raised at Rudolph. The following writeup is taken from the Boston American, and will give some idea of the fame she has acquired in this line:

"I have been teaching foundrymen for the last eight years," she told me today. "And before that I taught commercial subjects. Mr. McLean gave me the opportunity to learn the business with him, and I went into it. I have never been sorry. My only regret is that the days are not long enough to do all the things that I want to do. I work hard, and I study hard. It takes all of my leisure to keep up with the trade journals, and to know my business. It was all new to me at first, and I had to study very hard, to get into it. You'll admit that it's pretty deep for a woman. Yet I worked, and because I liked it, I won out."

No Time for Society  
"Of course, I have sacrificed everything else. I have no time for social affairs. I work every day from 8 in the morning until 5:30 at night, without any lunch hour. My evenings are given to study, and most of my Sundays have business appointments to fill them up. You have to decide whether you are going to be a business woman or a society woman when you start out. I choose to be the business woman, and I have no time for the other things. The work that we do in our metallurgical school is entirely by correspondence. We teach a man in twelve papers. Of course we do not take a car conductor and attempt to make a foundryman out of him. But we teach a foundryman so that he can check up on the work that his men are doing in his factory, and so that he can cut down on his expense. Why, with coke from \$12 to \$18 a ton, if we save him 500 pounds of it in a day, we have done something, haven't we?"

By Elizabeth Elam  
Known to hundreds of foundrymen all over the United States, Canada and Europe is the silhouette of "I. V. Scanlan," attached to letters of the most incalculable import. Yet foundrymen attending the convention of the American Foundrymen's Association, now in session in Mechanics Hall, have received the surprise of their lives in meeting "I. V. Scanlan."

For "I. V." is not a man at all, but a keen eyed, alert, slender young woman. Her fuzzy reddish hair covers a brain that hundreds of men might envy, and her sharp grey eyes have a wonderful trick of looking directly into the heart of a problem and seeing its solution there. "I. V." in this case stands for "Isabel V." altho to the foundrymen she will probably always remain just "I. V."

Teaches Foundrymen

Miss Scanlan is the distinction of being the only woman in the world who teaches the foundry business to foundrymen. The technique of the subject, the diagnosis of complicated metals—all these are simple child's play to her.

She practices of "iron mixtures" as we would talk of sponge cake mixture, and the words "semi-steel," "cupola and coke savings" fall lightly from her tongue as she talks first with a foundryman from Pennsylvania and then with another from Australia.

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One Meal a Day

Miss Scanlan has eliminated from her life all non-essentials. The play time that most women give over to enjoyment she puts in hard work, and more work. Her business hours are long, and she has eliminated all but one meal a day. A cup of strong coffee in the morning, and her dinner between 5 and 6 o'clock in the evening constitute her schedule.

"But you should see me eat, then," she laughed. "Rockefeller himself would envy me my appetite. But I want good nourishing food then and I no fancy dishes."

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But the biggest story of this woman's life is the story that she does not tell. It shows the metal of the woman, the calibre that has made it possible for her to hold her difficult post and make a success in a business in which most women would be lost.

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Grand Rapids Milling Co.

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Mrs. J. R. Montgomery of Escanaba, Michigan, spent the past week in the city visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tim Riley.

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Louis Reichel left Friday for Philadelphia where he will visit his son Louis for a few days. Louis Jr. expects to leave soon for the army.

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—If you need a radiator cover or engine robe go to the Auto Trim Shop opposite the Witter House.

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COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

CALL US UP AT • Phone 416 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

Miss Elizabeth Steel of Oshkosh is visiting at the Louis O'Callan home.

Mrs. Bat Sharkey of Rudolph visited with friends in the city Wednesday.

Rev. C. E. Paulowit was in Marshfield Saturday where he attended a mission meeting.

Attorney B. R. Grogins spent Wednesday at Wausau looking after some legal matters.

Mrs. S. D. Morse of Wausau is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. George Moulton.

Mrs. A. L. Fontaine and daughter Jean returned Monday from a ten days visit with relatives in Moien.

Mrs. Rose Otto returned to her home in Tonah Wednesday after a visit of several days at the Edward Otto home.

Mrs. Wm. Aylward of Neenah who has been visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Schnabel for the past weeks, returned to her home Sunday.

Mrs. John Schnabel returned Wednesday from a two weeks visit at Duluth and Ironton, Minnesota. She was accompanied home by her daughter, Mrs. Harland M. Stutsen, who will visit here for a week.

Miss Loretta Nolmer has resigned her position with the Grand Rapids Milling company, and should her health permit, is her intention to leave in the near future for Spokane, Washington, to make her home.

J. F. Jahn of City Point was in the city on Friday and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call. Mr. Jahn is one of the new comers in this section, having formerly lived in the state of Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cercora are making arrangements to leave for Louisville, Kentucky, where they will make their home with their son John who has been located there for some time past and who is doing well.

Mrs. Geo. W. Moulton entertained a party of friends at her home at six o'clock dinner on Tuesday evening in honor of her sister, Mrs. S. D. Morse. After the dinner the evening was spent in a social manner by those present.

Dr. J. A. Jackson of Rudolph was in the city for a short time on Tuesday looking after some business matters. Mr. Jackson is closing up his business at Rudolph and expects to leave in a week or ten days for Moineau to make his home. During his residence in Rudolph the doctor has made many friends who will wish him success in his new field of labor.

Mrs. Bert Nason visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Bird, at Stevens Point several days this week. While there she also visited her sister, Mrs. Lee Payne, a former resident of this city, who with her children leave this week for Spokane, Washington, to join her husband where he holds a position as machine tender in a paper mill. Mr. and Mrs. Lee Payne had been residing at Rhinelander for several years.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Smith were very pleasantly surprised on Tuesday evening when about twenty-five members of the Christian Endeavor society of the First Moravian church dropped in upon them for the purpose of celebrating their fifth wedding anniversary. The evening was spent in playing games, and the guests brought with them a number of woodware articles to show their appreciation.

The order of Capuchin Fathers are preparing to erect an institution at Marathon which will be a school for the purpose of giving students of the order a chance to finish their studies in a quiet place where the surroundings are quiet and healthful rather than in a city like Milwaukee where this school has heretofore been located. The matter is one that has been under consideration for a number of years past, and several places throughout the state offered sites for the new building.

JONES-KLUG

Word comes from Waco, Texas, that Miss Gretchen Jones and Carl Klug, both of this city, were married last May and are now making their home at Waco, where Mr. Klug is a member of Troop G from this city.

The young people, it seems, were quietly married last May, and for some time neglected to tell their friends anything about the matter, so that when it did come out it was quite a surprise to everybody. Both of the young people are well and favorably known in this city and have many friends here. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Jones, and had made her home here for several years. The Tribune extends congratulations.

WANTED—A HUSBAND

Wanted, by women of all ages and all ranks, by beautiful women, pure women, noble women, in every state, county, city and village in America, a husband.

Wanted, a husband who will not treat his wife as an inferior, who can respect a woman's opinions.

Wanted, a husband who will not domineer over his home, who will not stifle a wife's ambitions, who will not limit her life to the rearing of children and the four walls of the home.

Wanted, a husband who wants a home, who will not neglect it, who will assume his share of the responsibility, who will not look on his home as a comfortable boarding house.

Wanted, a husband who can eat a simple meal without complaining, who can tend a furnace or mow a lawn, who can make a cup of coffee or sew on a button without feeling abused, who can appreciate the work, the care of a home.

Wanted, a husband whose chief recreation is not baseball, bowling, midnight poker, cabarets and burlesque shows; whose club is not a saloon; whose life may be an example to his children.

Wanted, a husband who can keep his marriage vows without regret.

Wanted, a husband who can trust his wife with her share of the income who does not need to be begged for money.

Wanted, a husband who will not attempt to satisfy a woman's life with money, who prefers privation with love to luxury with indifference.

Wanted, a husband who will not limit his life to the grind of business; who loves good literature, music and drama; who knows the need of culture and refinement as well as business success.

Wanted, a husband who can win success and not become an egotist, who can meet defeat and not be soured.

Wanted, a husband who can love his wife when she has lost her beauty, who can listen to her worries without being annoyed, who can share her cares without ridicule.

Wanted, a husband worthy of respect and a woman's love.

Men whose wives want will find millions of noble women in America ready to trust their lives to their keeping, able to make them happier than they have ever been in their bachelor days, and ready to go down on their knees and pray God for the privilege of providing them with a home.—Milwaukee Journal.

ORSON P. COCHRAN

PIANO TUNER

Best work guaranteed. Call telephone 233, or at the house, 447 Third Avenue North.

## CELEBRATE CRYSTAL WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Payne celebrated their crystal wedding anniversary on Sunday evening at their home at the South Side, when a number of invited friends assembled to assist in the pleasures of the occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Zocha of Marshfield were present at the celebration.

MOTHERS, TAKE NOTICE

There will be a mothers meeting at the Edison school on Friday evening, October 19, at 8 o'clock p. m. The following program will be given:

Made on Red Cross. Mrs. J. P. Witter Talk on Red Cross. Mrs. C. W. Schwend Refreshments will be served and mothers are urged to be present.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS

Miss Violet Bogoger entertained a party of friends at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bogoger on Wednesday evening, the occasion being her 17th birthday. The evening was spent in playing games and dancing, and refreshments were served and everybody had a most delightful time.

If You Want any Plumbing or Heating done go and see

Mike Kubisiak

he will give you a good job and the price is right.

Back of Nash Grocery Store.

Shop Phone 750. Res. 1044

Forest Mills Underwear

When the chilly days remind you of the need of Fall Underwear, we want you to think of

FOREST MILLS UNDERWEAR

Because you get real satisfaction and money value out of them. The fit, finish and wear is the best. Although many kinds are scarce, we planned far in advance and have a very complete range for infants, children, women and men.

The Ready-to-Wear Department offers the best selections in Furs, Coats, Suits, Ladies' or Misses' Wool or Silk Dresses, Waists, Skirts and Petticoats.

Do not make your selection before you've seen our line.

W. C. WEISEL

Potatoes, Rye, Wheat

FARMERS: This Is Your Turn

This war has created an abnormal market and you are getting the highest prices known in many years, in some cases the highest prices ever known.

Make a permanent income out of this as no one else can. 46 bushels of potatoes will buy a \$50 Bond which will pay you an annual income of \$2 on every 46 bushels sold.

Not so long ago and the time will soon come again when it will take 150 bushels to get this same bond, that costs you nothing for storage, no taxes, hauling, no worry or care.

Rye is now \$1.70 and 30 bushels of rye will buy a \$50 Bond while ordinarily you would have to haul in 51 1/4 bushels for this same Bond.

Wheat at \$2.20 takes 22 1/2 bushels to get this \$50 Bond paying you \$2.00 every year, in fact, a little better than that, for it pays interest every six months.

Short time ago, and it will soon come again, when it takes 55 1/2 bushels of the same wheat to buy this same bond.

The Bond wont change in value but

WHEAT, RYE AND POTATOES WILL

You can go right on through your whole crop and this war has given you from 200 to 300 per cent higher prices than this generation ever saw before.

By buying these Bonds you help keep OUR BOYS in clothes and food and things to live with, and you receive \$2.00 a year on every \$50 Bond your crop bushels buy.

If you dont buy these Bonds you have No Right as an American citizen to these MARKETS.

Your own boys are giving their best efforts, you are asked to invest only a small part of YOUR EFFORTS so that these Sons, Brothers, Fathers and Friends may get the necessary things they are justly entitled to in this war to preserve your rights and mine.

Wood County Liberty Loan Committee



## LIBERTY, LIBERTY! LIBERTY! BONDS

Our Liberty Bond Club is a most convenient and easy method for saving FIFTY DOLLARS and at the same time you have the satisfaction of feeling that you are "doing your bit" for Uncle Sam in his hour of need.

Our little coupon books are very neat and the record very simple. ONE DOLLAR PER WEEK AND YOU OWN A BOND.

## Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

City, County, State and United States Depository

## NASH HARDWARE CO. AUTUMN SALE!

Commencing Monday, Oct. 8th, and lasting all week we will make Special Prices on all Earthenware, Cooking Utensils, as well as a number of lines of Graniteware. Special prices on Stoves and all kinds of Hardware, Guns, Cartridges, Kraut Cutters, Etc.

Come and see one of our Meteor \$1.25 Watches.

## NASH HARDWARE CO. GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.



No "War Prices"—  
not yet, anyhow.

For hundreds of years "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK has been the standby of the American farmer—his lumber "friend in need." Again this year it comes to his rescue. He must increase his barns, granaries and outbuildings of all kinds this year, for it's up to him to feed the world. HEMLOCK will do its bit.

"Old Faithful" HEMLOCK is still cheap!

We want him to know, before he begins to build anything, about our

### FREE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

for HEMLOCK buildings—houses, barns, garages, granaries, etc.—and how to get them from his local lumber dealer, with our HEMLOCK Coupon.

All that's necessary is to WRITE "The Hemlock Manufacturers," Oshkosh, Wis., and tell what sort of a building you intend erecting—that will bring both book and coupon. These plans and specifications are drawn by our expert architects. Write today—bring coupon to us when it comes and get plans and specifications free.

## KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.

Everything in Quality Lumber

and Building Material

Grand Rapids, Wis.

## KEWANEE WATER SUPPLY

### Water for Your Country Home

No matter how far you live from the city, you can have all the sanitary conveniences of the best city water works system—an abundance of water, under strong pressure, for your bathroom, kitchen, laundry, lawn, garden—anywhere. Good fire protection too. This splendid water supply service assured, if you install the

### Kewanee System of Water Supply

is a complete and compact system—not a hasty collection of pipes, pump and tank thrown together on the job. That's why you find Kewanee users so well satisfied with the daily service they get from Kewanee Systems. The Kewanee is the original air pressure system—and in successful operation everywhere.

### Kewanee Private Utilities

Now give all city comforts to the family in the country.

Water Supply Systems Sewage Disposal Plants  
Electric Light Plants Gasoline Engines  
Gasoline Storage Plants Windmill Pumps  
Vacuum Cleaning Systems

Md. by The Kewanee Private Utilities Co., Kewanee, Ill.

For Sale By

LEWIS ERON

PLUMBER

Third Avenue South

## FORMER LOCAL GIRL IS GAINING FAME

Isabel V. Akey, now known to foundrymen all over the country as I. V. Scanlan, a metallurgical expert, was born and raised at Rudolph, the Boston American, and will give some idea of the fame she has acquired in this line:

"I have been teaching foundrymen for the last eight years," she told me today. "And before that I taught commercial subjects. Mr. McLain gave me the opportunity to learn the business with him, and I went into it. I have never been sorry. My only regret is that the days are not long enough to do all the things that I want to do."

"I work hard, and I study hard. It takes all of my leisure to keep up with the trade journals, and to know my business. It was all new to me at first, and I had to study very hard, but now I feel that I'm doing it pretty deep for a woman. Yet I worked, and because I liked it, I won out."

No Time for Society  
"Of course, I have sacrificed everything else. I have no time for social affairs. I work every day from 8 in the morning until 5:30 at night, without any lunch hour. My evenings are given to study, and most of my Sundays have business appointments. To all, them up. You have to decide whether you are going to be a business woman or a society woman when you start out. I chose to be the business woman, and I have no time for the other things."

"The work that we do in our metallurgical school is entirely by correspondence. We teach a man in twelve papers. Of course we do not take a car conductor and attempt to make a foundryman out of him. But we teach a foundryman so that he can check up on the work that his men are doing in his factory, and so that he can cut down on his expense. Why, with coke from \$12 to \$15 a ton, if we save him 500 pounds of it in a day, we have done something, haven't we?"

By Elizabeth Ellman  
Known to hundreds of foundrymen all over the United States, Canada and Europe is the signature of "I. V. Scanlan," attached to letters of the most technical import. Yet foundrymen attending the convention of the American Foundrymen's Association, now in session in Mechanics Hall, have received the surprise of their lives in meeting "I. V. Scanlan."

For "I. V." is not a man at all, but a keen eyed, alert, slender young woman. Her fuzzy reddish hair covers a brain that is full of mechanical ideas, and her sharp grey eyes have a wonderful trick of looking directly into the heart of a problem.

"I" in this case stands for "Isabel V." altho to the foundrymen she will probably always remain just "I. V." Teachers Foundrymen  
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Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Smith were very pleasantly surprised on Tuesday evening when about a half-dozen members of the First Moravian church dropped in upon them for the purpose of celebrating their fifth wedding anniversary. The evening was spent in playing games, after which refreshments were served, and the guests brought with them a number of welcome articles for the children.

In order of Capuchin Fathers are preparing to erect an institution at Marathon which will be a school for the purpose of giving students of order a chance to finish their studies in a quiet place where the surroundings are quiet and healthful rather than in a city like Milwaukee where this school has heretofore been located. The matter is one that has been under consideration for a number of years past, and several places throughout the state offered sites for the new building.

## CELEBRATE CRYSTAL WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Payne celebrated their crystal wedding anniversary on Sunday evening at the home at the South Side, when a number of invited friends assembled to assist in the pleasures of the occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Zecha of Marshfield were present at the celebration.

MOTHERS, TAKE NOTICE  
There will be a mothers meeting at the Edison school on Friday evening, October 19, at 3 o'clock p. m. The following program will be given: Music by Mrs. J. F. Witter. Talk on "The Mother's Influence" by Mrs. J. F. Witter. Refreshments will be served and mothers are urged to be present.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS  
Miss Violet Bogger entertained a party of friends at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bogger, on Wednesday evening, the occasion being her 17th birthday. The evening was spent in playing games and dancing, and refreshments were served and everybody had a most delightful time.

If You Want any  
Plumbing or Heating  
done go and see  
Mike Kubisiak

he will give you a good job and the price is right.

Back of Nash Grocery Store.  
Shop Phone 750. Res. 1044

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JONES-KLUG  
Word comes from Waco, Texas, that Miss Gretchen Jones and Carl Klug, both of this city, were married last May and are now making their home at Waco, where Mr. Klug is a member of Troop G from this city.

The young people, it seems, were quietly married last May, and for some time neglected to tell their friends anything about the matter, so that when it did come out it was quite a surprise to everybody. Both of the young people are well and favorably known in this city and have many friends here. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Jones, and had made her home here for several years past. The Tribune extends congratulations.

WANTED—A HUSBAND  
Wanted, by women of all ages and all ranks, by beautiful women, pure women, noble women, in every state, county, city and village in America, a husband.

Wanted, a husband who will not treat his wife as an inferior, who can respect a woman's opinion.

Wanted, a husband who will not domineer over his home, who will not stifle a wife's ambitions, who will not limit her life to the rearing of children and the four walls of the home.

Wanted, a husband who wants a home, who will not neglect it, who will assume his share of the responsibility, who will not let his home as a comfortable boarding house.

Wanted, a husband who can eat a simple meal without complaining, who can read a furze or mow a lawn, who can make a cup of coffee or sew on a button without feeling abused, who can appreciate the work, the care of a home.

Wanted, a husband whose chief recreation is not baseball, bowling, midnight poker, cabarets and burlesque shows; whose club is not a saloon; whose life may be an example to his children.

Wanted, a husband who can keep his marriage vows without regret.

Wanted, a husband who can trust his wife with her share of the income who does not need to be begged for money.

Wanted, a husband who will not attempt to satisfy a woman's life with money, who prefers privation with love to luxury with indifference.

Wanted, a husband who will limit his life to the grind of business; who loves good literature, music and drama; who knows the need of culture and refinement as well as business success.

Wanted, a husband who can win success and not become an egotist, who can meet defeat and not be soured.

Wanted, a husband who can love his wife when she has lost her beauty who can listen to her worries without being annoyed, who can share her cares without uttering a ridiculous remark.

Wanted, a husband worthy of respect and a woman's love.

Men who can meet these wants will erect a noble woman in America ready to trust their lives to their keeping, able to make them happier than they have ever been in their bachelor days, and ready to go down on their knees and pray God for the privilege of providing them with a home.—Milwaukee Journal.

ORSON P. COCHRAN  
PIANO TUNER

Best work guaranteed. Call telephone 233, or at the house, 447 Third Avenue North.

## New Ford Prices

	Old Price	New Price
Coupelet	\$505.00	\$560.00
Sedan	645.00	695.00
Town Car	595.00	645.00
Touring Car	360.00	360.00
Roadster	345.00	345.00
One-ton Truck	600.00	600.00

All Prices f. o. b. Detroit, Mich.

There was no advance in price on the Touring Car, Roadster or Truck.

BUT the Ford Motor Company advises us that they may be forced to raise the price on these models AT ANY TIME. Therefore, to all prospective buyers we say BUY NOW.

## Jensen & Anderson

FORD AGENTS

## Forest Mills Underwear



When the chilly days remind you of the need of Fall Underwear, we want you to think of

### FOREST MILLS UNDERWEAR

Because you get real satisfaction and money value out of them. The fit, finish and wear is the best. Although many kinds are scarce, we planned far in advance and have a very complete range for infants, children, women



# ACHIEVEMENTS OF "WAR SESSION" OF CONGRESS

## Leaders Declare Work Done Is Most Remarkable in Parliamentary History.

### HARMONY MADE A FEATURE

Lack of Dissension Was Noticeable—Administration Was Defeated on Only One Important Bill During the Six Months.

## IMPORTANT BILLS PASSED IN SESSION

Here are the most important measures passed by congress at the special war session:

Declaration of war against Germany on April 6.

War bond issues aggregating \$15,538,000,000.

War appropriations and contract authorizations totaling \$14,390,000,000.

War loans aggregating \$7,000,000,000 to the allies.

The selective draft bill, making 100,000 men liable to military service.

The espionage bill, including the embargo provision.

The \$2,235,000,000 war revenue bill.

The food control bill.

The trading with the enemy act.

The soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill.

Washington.—"The most remarkable session in the parliamentary history of this world," the way Democratic and Republican leaders characterized the first war session of the Sixty-sixth congress, which came to a close at three o'clock in the afternoon of October 6, exactly six months after the declaration of war against Germany.

The record of legislation enacted and money appropriated has no parallel in the annals of all time.

Beginning with the declaration of war against Germany in April, congress has passed bill after bill of the most revolutionary character, including such measures as the draft bill and the food control bill. Appropriations and contract authorizations for the present fiscal year, totaling \$21,490,000,000, including \$7,000,000,000 in loans to the allies, were voted without a single dissenting voice, a record equaled nowhere, not even in the Kaiserdomed German reichstag.

How Money Is Expended.

The following table shows how the money is to be spent:

Army	\$3,311,000,000
Navy	1,855,000,000
Merchant shipping fleet	1,850,000,000
Loans to the allies	7,000,000,000
Twelve months' salaries	100,000,000
President	100,000,000
Food and fuel control	175,000,000
Food and fuel insurance	175,000,000
Interest on bonds and certificates	200,000,000
War establishment	500,000,000
Other expenses	102,000,000

As a part of the scheme of meeting these enormous expenditures congress passed the \$2,235,000,000 war revenue bill, the largest taxation bill in American history, levying directly or indirectly upon every man, woman and child in the United States. Something more than a billion dollars of this money will be taken from the pockets of all incomes more than \$1,000 for single men and more than \$2,000 for married men are made subject to taxation.

Where New Taxes Fall.

Here are some things upon which the average citizen will pay taxes under the new war tax bill:

Approximately 20 per cent increase on incomes of \$5,000 or less.

Letter postage, except local letters, increased to 3 cents and postcards to 2 cents beginning November 8.

One cent for each 10 cents paid for admissions to amusements.

Five-cent shows and 10-cent outdoor amusement parks exempted.

Ten per cent on all club dues of \$12 a year or more.

One cent for each 25 cents paid for parcel post.

One cent on each 25 cents express package charge.

Three per cent of all freight charges.

Night per cent of passenger fares by rail or water, except trips of less than 30 miles.

Ten per cent of charges for seats, berth and staterooms on parlor cars or vessels.

Five cents on each telegraph, telephone or radio message costing 15 cents or more.

Three per cent on jewelry.

Eight cents on each \$100 of life insurance.

The tax on whisky is increased from \$1.10 a gallon to \$3.20.

The tax on beer is increased from \$1 a barrel to \$2.75.

Increased tax on cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco and snuff.

Little Dissension During Session.

Despite the fact that the session was marked with comparatively little dissension, the fighting centered about questions mainly affecting policy. The most stubborn contests were staged over the revenue bill, the draft

## CARING FOR WAR PRISONERS

Agreement Has Been Entered Into by the British and German Governments.

Washington.—Details of an agreement between the British and German governments concerning the treatment of prisoners of war, which it kept by the Teuton officials delegated to carry it out will greatly ameliorate the condition of the wretched captives held in Germany, are made public in a white paper issued by Great Britain.

The paper is of interest to Americans inasmuch as it almost certainly will form the basis of a similar agreement between the United States and Germany. The conference at which the agreement was reached was held at The Hague.

An arrangement was made whereby the Netherlands government undertook to care for 10,000 British prisoners of war, and the German government undertook to care for 10,000 British prisoners of war, and the respective governments of these nations to refund all costs of internment.

## IS POOR PLACE TO VISIT

Washington Overcrowded to an Extent That Can Hardly Be Appreciated.

Washington.—A journey to the war congress did not let Washington resume the even tenor of its old-fashioned, easygoing ways. The oldest inhabitant would be puzzled to find that 70,000 additional inhabitants here, but that the war god is responsible for

bill and the food control bill. In every case, except censorship of the newspapers and speech, the administration has received everything it asked of congress for the conduct of the war.

Congress was in session 158 days. During that time more than 10,000 army, navy and marine corps nominations sent to the senate were confirmed, among them the advancement of Major General Pershing, commander in chief of the armies in France, and Major General Bliss, chief of staff, to the rank of full general, held only four times previously in American history. The only important appointment held up was that of Col. Carl Reichmann, to be a brigadier general. Action was blocked until the December session because it was charged he uttered pro-German sentiments.

An unprecedented feature of the session was the reception of the special missions sent to the United States by the allied governments, and the special representatives of Great Britain, France, Belgium, Italy, Russia and Japan addressed both houses. Invitations of the British and French governments to have the United States send a congressional mission across the Atlantic to see war conditions and co-operate with the interparliamentary congress were rejected.

Important Measures Passed.

Following is a list of the most important measures passed by congress:

Resolution declaring a state of war exists between the Imperial German government and the government and the people of the United States and giving provision to prosecute the same.

On April 2 the resolution for war against Germany was introduced in the house and on April 6, or four days after the assembling of congress, the president attached his signature to the measure. No delay was involved in the passage of this resolution, perhaps the most important ever offered either in this or any other congress.

General deficiency appropriation act, authorizing \$100,841,400.72, of which \$100,000,000 was for the national security and defense and for each and every purpose connected with the war.

Act authorizing an issue of bonds to meet expenditures for the national security and defense and for the purpose of assisting in the prosecution of the war and to extend credit to foreign governments and for other purposes. This act appropriated \$3,007,454,541 for establishing credits in the United States for foreign governments by purchase of bonds of our allies and expenses incident to preparation and issue of bonds and certificates; authorized the issue of bonds amounting to \$5,000,000,000, of which \$3,000,000,000 is for meeting the loans authorized to foreign governments, \$2,000,000,000 to meet domestic expenditures, and \$500,000,000 to redeem the loans of our allies.

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## 50,000 BELGIAN HOUSES GONE

German Record of Destruction Is Shown by New Gray Book Issued by Government.

Have, Oct. 8.—The Belgium government has issued a gray book to refute allegations against Belgium civilians contained in the German white book of May, 1915, in which it was said Belgian civilians savagely attacked German troops in the early days of the war and that the measures adopted by the Germans were necessary in the interest of preservation of the German army. According to the gray book, between 40,000 and 50,000 houses were destroyed by the Germans.

## JACKIE KILLS FRIEND; IS HELD

Queenstown Magistrate Says Fatal Blow Constitutes Manslaughter—To Get Bail.

London, Oct. 8.—Machopiste Mate Perente of an American naval vessel will be liberated on bail on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of a dock yard laborer named Plummer, who died from the effect of a blow on the jaw inflicted by the sailor on September 8. He was held by a Queenstown magistrate. Perente pleaded not guilty and added: "I did not mean to injure my friend."

## PERU BREAKS WITH KAISER

German Minister Handed Passports by Government—Uruguay to Take Similar Action.

Lima, Peru, Oct. 8.—Peru formally broke relations with Germany. In accordance with an overwhelming vote taken at a session of the congress, the government handed passports to the German minister.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 8.—From Montevideo, Uruguay, came word that congress was momentarily expected to vote an overwhelming majority in favor of an immediate rupture in diplomatic relations with Germany.

## C. P. TAFT WEDS MISS CHASE

Son of Former President Marries Daughter of Irving H. Chase of Waterbury, Conn.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 8.—Miss Eleanor, the daughter of Irving H. Chase, was married here to Sgt. Maj. Charles Phelps Taft II, U. S. A., son of William H. Taft and Mrs. Taft of New Haven. The ceremony was at Rose Hill, the home of the Chase family. Flies predominated in the decorations. Rev. Robert E. Brown, pastor of the Second church, officiated. The bride was given away by her father, Irving H. Chase.

## URGES DEDICATION OUST I. W. W.

Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 8.—The California State Federation of Labor went on record here against the I. W. W., adopting a resolution recommending expulsion of all members of that organization from unions of the American Federation of Labor.

## McBride, Labor Head, Killed.

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 11.—John McBride, conciliator named by Secretary of Labor Wilson to act in the adjustment of labor trouble in Arizona mines, received injuries from a runaway horse in Globe and died in a hospital.

## LEADS ALLIES \$2,618,400,000.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Additional loans of \$400,000,000 each in Great Britain and France were made on Tuesday by the government. With this transaction the total they first lent to the allies is \$2,618,400,000.

## FIVE INJURED IN AUTO PLUNGE.

Rushford, Minn., Oct. 10.—Five teachers were injured when the automobile in which they were riding plunged from a bridge over the Root river and dropped to the water below. Miss M. Denton was seriously injured.

## BIG COMPANY BUYS BONDS.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Announcement of a subscription of \$2,000,000 to the second Liberty loan by Arthur & Co. was made here. One-half billion of the subscription was taken for the Chicago plant and the remainder for branches.

permanent aviation stations of the army and navy for school purposes.

Acts enlarging the membership of the interstate commerce commission and amending the act to regulate commerce by authorizing priority shipments by any common carrier act.

Act appropriating \$11,340,000 to provide further for the national security and defense by facilitating the distribution of agricultural products.

Act appropriating \$162,500,000 to provide further for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel.

Act to authorize an additional issue of bonds to meet expenditures for the national security and defense and, for the purpose of authorizing in the prosecution of the war, to extend additional credit to foreign governments, and for other purposes. This act makes an additional appropriation of \$4,021,377,850.92 to extend credit in the United States for foreign governments by purchase of bonds of our allies and expenses incident to preparation of an issue of bonds and certificates; authorizes an additional issue of \$4,000,000,000 of bonds to meet loans to foreign governments; authorizes an additional issue of one year certificates of indebtedness amounting to \$2,000,000,000 and an issue of five year war saving certificates amounting to \$2,000,000,000.

## Now Mark Again Set.

Act appropriating \$5,556,099,010.93 to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year 1918 and prior years in account of war expenses and for other purposes, and authorizes contract obligations to be met by future congresses amounting to \$2,401,453,333.50. This is the largest appropriation act passed by this or any other country. This act makes further appropriations of \$835,000,000 for the emergency shipping fund and raises the limit of cost to carry out the purposes of the shipping act to \$1,734,000,000.

## U. S. MILITARY GIANT

TRANSFORMED FROM PEACEFUL TRADER TO GREAT FIGHTER.

Nation Now Mobilized for Supreme Task Ahead, Says Statement Issued at Washington.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The transition in America from conditions of peace to those of war from the standpoint of rapidity and thoroughness, is without precedent in the history of democracies, says a statement issued by the committee on public information, detailing the nation's achievements since the declaration of war, six months ago.

"American industry and the people of the entire nation," the statement says, "answered speedily and efficiently the call to arms. Six months from the day war was declared the United States mobilized for the supreme task ahead."

Congress, the committee's resume says, has enacted more important legislation during the extraordinary session than in any preceding session in history.

Referring to the war department, the committee notes that, without accident or disaster, a large expeditionary force has been sent to France. More than 1,000,000 drafted men and National Guardsmen are under training, and the army has 80,000 trained officers, instead of 20,000, at the end of six months ago.

"The general staff," says the statement, "is modernizing the entire army, unit by unit, in addition to fitting out the Pershing expedition along entirely new lines."

"Development of the Liberty motor, which has withstood every aviation contest, is one of the major achievements of the war department and the aircraft production board. This was followed by the designing of a standard military truck."

Referring to the navy, the statement says there are more than three times as many men and nearly three times as many vessels in service as when war was declared.

## U. S. SHIP KILLS TWO

ITALIAN SUBMARINE FAILED TO ANSWER PATROL'S SIGNAL.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Vice Admiral Sims called the navy department that an American patrol vessel on duty at night in the war zone had fired on an Italian submarine, which failed to answer recognition signals, killing one officer and one enlisted man.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels at once sent a message to the Italian ministry of marine, expressing the deepest regret over the unfortunate occurrence and tendering his and the American navy's sympathy for the loss of life.

While details of the incident are unknown here, the fact that an officer and an enlisted man were killed indicates that the American gunners landed a shot in the submarine's conning tower.

## SAVE

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use more corn  
2-meat  
use more fish & beans  
3-fats  
use just enough  
4-sugar  
use syrups  
and serve  
the cause of freedom  
U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

## BIG NAVY CONTRACTS LET

Secretary Daniels Announces Firms to Participate in \$345,000,000 Program.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels announced that the following companies will build the new destroyers under the \$345,000,000 program:

Fore River Shipbuilding company; New York Shipbuilding company; Union Iron Works; Bath Iron Works; Cramp's of Philadelphia; and the Newport News Shipbuilding company.

## GERMAN RAILWAYS LACK FUEL

Drastic Limits Put on Traffic, and Fares Are Increased, According to Reports.

London, Oct. 11.—The German state railways are faced with a great shortage of fuel and drastic limitation of traffic has begun, according to reports reaching here. The railroads propose to levy excess fares on express trains so as to discourage all except unavoidable business journeys.

## Five Alien Enemies Escape.

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 11.—Five interned alien enemies escaped Sunday afternoon from the guardhouse at Fort McIntosh, where they had been interned since August 15. One was found dead and three captured.

## Redistribution of Guards.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Redistribution of troops at army cantonments in the South and middle West and East was ordered by the war department to fill three National Guard divisions in southern states.

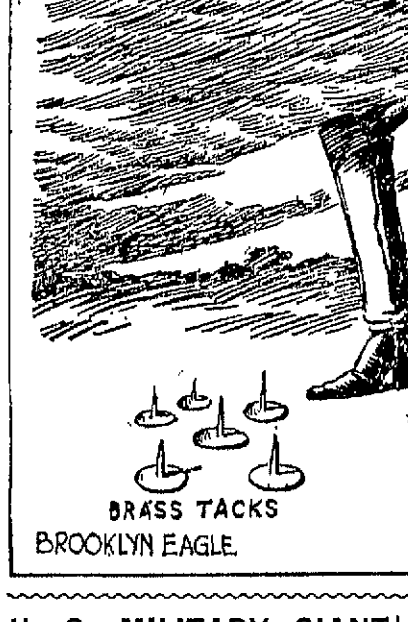
## New Loan to Great Britain.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The United States made a loan of \$150,000,000 to Great Britain. It was announced at the treasury department. This brings the total of United States loans to the allies to \$2,533,400,000.

## German Sailors Captured.

Melbourne, Oct. 10.—A boatload of German sailors, members of the crew of the German mailer Scandiar, were captured in the vicinity of the Fiji Islands, according to reports received here on Monday.

## GET DOWN TO THEM



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## GERMAN RAILWAYS LACK FUEL

Drastic Limits Put on Traffic, and Fares Are Increased, According to Reports.

London, Oct. 11.—The German state railways are faced with a great shortage of fuel and drastic limitation of traffic has begun, according to reports reaching here. The railroads propose to levy excess fares on express trains so as to discourage all except unavoidable business journeys.

## Five Alien Enemies Escape.

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 11.—Five interned alien enemies escaped Sunday afternoon from the guardhouse at Fort McIntosh, where they had been interned since August 15. One was found dead and three captured.

## Redistribution of Guards.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Redistribution of troops at army cantonments in the South and middle West and East was ordered by the war department to fill three National Guard divisions in southern states.

## New Loan to Great Britain.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The United States made a loan of \$150,000,000 to Great Britain. It was announced at the treasury department. This brings the total of United States loans to the allies to \$2,533,400,000.

## TO BOOST SECOND LIBERTY BOND SALE

Food Administration Forces Will Help Raise New Loan for War Purposes.

## SAVE FOOD AND LEND MONEY

Big Drive Throughout Nation Coming Week of October 21-28—How All Must Unite to Whip Kaiser and Bring Peace Again.

Washington.—The food pledge campaign is projected upon broad lines, but it is very simple and very plain. The food administration will marshal its whole force of half a million campfollowers organized for food pledge week, to promote the second Liberty loan. The week of October 21 to 28 has been set for the big drive for the food administration has planned to enroll all American families for food conservation. The Liberty loan campaign will be at its height at the same time. Herbert Hoover, the food administrator, in a message to the federal food administrators, and campfollowers managers of the food conservation campaign, instructing them to exert every effort to promote the Liberty loan, called this a fortunate coincidence, since both are aimed at the same end and each will supplement the other. The Liberty loan, he says, will enable the government to lend money to the allies, and the food pledge campaign is designed to make certain that there shall be food available to purchase.

So simple and so plain that they have been stated in the simplest of words—a word that it is proposed to hang in every home of the land—a card that is the "war creed of the kitchen," because, so closely are the people in this country linked to the world war, that one of the phases of the struggle must be fought out in the American kitchen.

If soldiers are to fight, they must be fed. For the past three years, one by one, our allies across the sea have been taking the men from the farm and from the factory and sending them to the firing line. Each man sent to the firing line meant one less who could be relied upon to help produce the food that "will win the war."

If the laborer is worthy of his hire, surely the fighter is worthy of his food. That is a principle universally accepted by the American people. However, it is not every product that can be sent across the sea. Corn will not serve the soldier on the battle line, never used as a food; they have no mills to grind it; turn it into meal in this country and it would spoil before it could reach a European port. There are just four classes of products, the experts say, that we must send to our allies if our duty to them is to be discharged; they need meat, wheat, sugar and dairy products. We can conserve our wheat by increasing our consumption of other grains. We can conserve our meat by making a greater demand upon the resources of the fish market. All of these are expedients known to the American housewife.

If the United States were an autocratic country there would be no popular appeal for the conservation of food. There would be an autocratic food control. The mailed fist would rule in the kitchen. Imperial food decrees would be enforced at the point of the bayonet. But ours is not an autocratic country. Food control is in the hands of the people themselves, and it is to the people that the food administration has appealed in the food pledge card campaign.

Herbert Hoover has termed this appeal an "unprecedented adventure in democracy"—an adventure that will determine whether or not a democratic form of government is, after all, fitted to engage in a death grapple with autocracy.

The food pledge week campaign resolves itself into an effort to secure as a result of voluntary agreement pledges assuring the general support for the well defined program of food conservation. The food pledge campaign represents an effort to induce as many of the American homes as possible to unite in a common policy. Our wheat resources can be conserved by everyday help. Our meat resources can be conserved if the whole public co-operates.

The American people are asked to join together in a common conservation policy. As evidence that they are supporting this policy they are asked to hang a card denoting membership in the United States food administration in their windows. In order that the conservation policy may be understood, the reason for it made plain and the manner of observing it rendered certain, instruction cards—"The War Creed of the Kitchen"—are to be hung in the home.

And that is what the national food pledge week campaign is all about.

He Struck.

A mud-begged Tommy was plodding wearily toward the base when a sublimely snuggled him.

"Is the front line now? Why aren't you there?" he asked.

"Well, sir," Tommy explained, "we were just going over the top when the officer shouted: 'Strike for home and glory, lads! All the others struck for glory, but I struck for home.'"

## U. S. TO CONTROL ALL FOOD

Distributors Will Operate Under Federal License After November 1—Twenty Staples Under Ban.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Virtually half the staple foods consumed by the American people will be put under government control November 1.

The food administration announced on Tuesday that within a few days President Wilson will issue an executive order requiring that manufacturers and distributors of some 20 fundamental foods operate under license restrictions designed to prevent unreasonable profits and to stop speculation and hoarding.

Regulations will be prescribed for meat packers, cold storage houses, milkers, canners, elevators, grain dealers and wholesale dealers and retailers, doing a business of more than \$100,000 annually in the commodities to be named.

"The prime purpose of the food administration," the announcement said, "is to protect the patriot against the slacker in business."

"It has generally been recognized that the enormous obligation imposed on the American people to feed our soldiers at the front and the allies creates a disturbing factor in trade which allows opportunity to a few to impose burdens upon the many, and that it is of vital national importance that such control should be exerted as will remedy, as far as may be, the economic disturbances incident to the war."

## DROP BOMBS ON NAVAL BASE

Giant Caproni Italian Airplanes Attack Cattaro—Ships in Harbor Damaged.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Giant Caproni airplanes rained bombs on Monday night upon the great Austrian naval base at Cattaro, starting fires among the buildings in the navy yard and causing damage to Austrian ships in the harbor. The Italians withdrew to their own base without loss.

## Asks \$650,000 From Thaw.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—Suit for damages aggregating \$650,000 against Harry K. Thaw was filed here by Frederick Camp, father of the Kansas City boy who was alleged to have been flogged by Thaw in 1910.

## U. S. Men Flee Mexicans.

Fabens, Tex., Oct. 12.—Two American soldiers, hunting ducks on the American side of the line, were overpowered and taken prisoners by armed Mexicans. The prisoners later escaped to the American side.

## Lake Steamer Total Loss.

Port Huron, Mich., Oct. 11.—The steamer Graham, which went ashore, will probably be a total loss. No casualties were reported. The steamer was loaded with grain and it broke in two after grounding.

## More Treasury Offerings.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Another offering of short-term government certificates of indebtedness, \$300,000,000, at 4 per cent, was agreed upon by treasury officials and probably will be announced within a day or two.

## \$200,000 Elevator Burns.

East St. Louis, Ill., Oct. 9.—Fire, believed to have been of incendiary origin, destroyed the elevator frame grain elevator of the Acme Elevator company at the National Stock Yards, with a loss estimated at \$200,000.

## Socialist Arrested by United States.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 9.—Fred Forthard, former Socialist candidate for governor of South Dakota, under federal indictment charging violation of the espionage act, was taken into custody here by federal officers.

## Sentence Draft Resistors.

Edin, Ohio, Oct. 9.—Maximum penalties of a sentence of six years in the federal prison at Leavenworth and a fine of \$10,000 were voted to each of the eight men convicted of conspiracy to resist the selective draft law.

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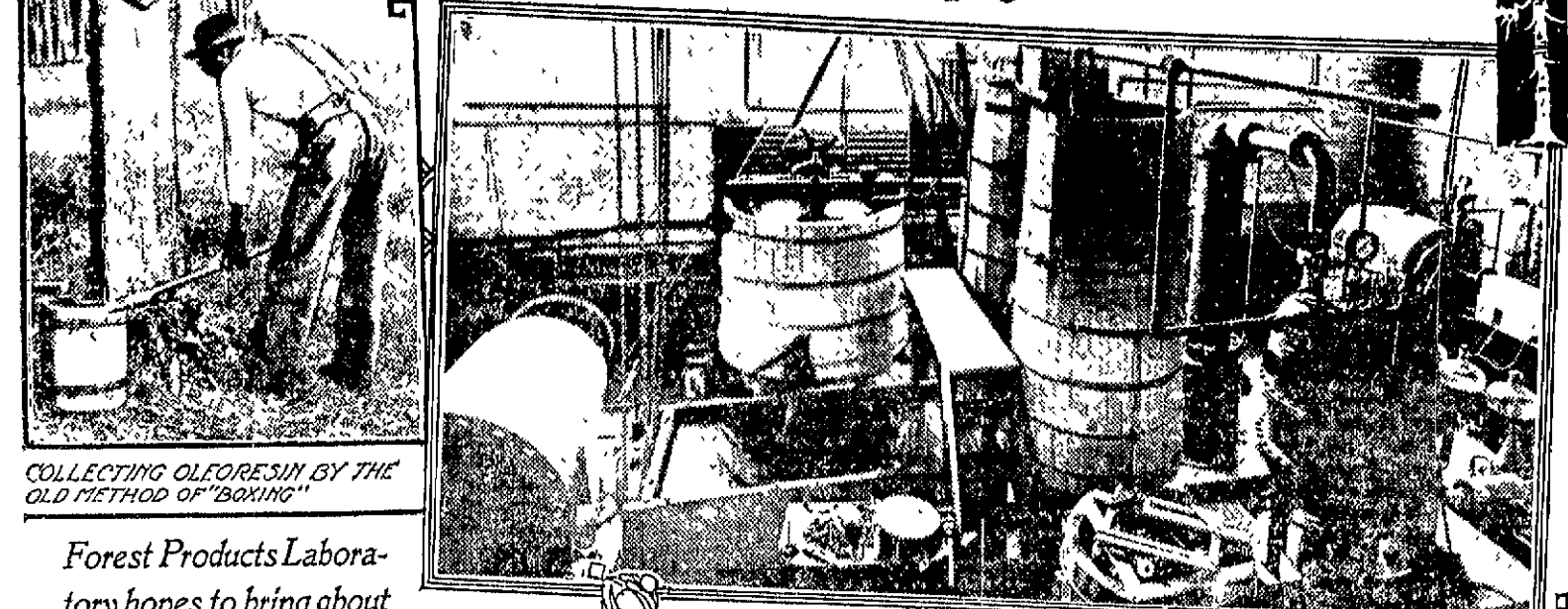






# Utilizing Forests to Double Their Value

By Robert H. Moulton



COLLECTING OLDFOREST BY THE OLD METHOD OF "BOXING"

Forest Products Laboratory hopes to bring about a saving of two billion dollars a year—it's a rather neat saving!

ADD the Chicago pork packer: "We make our money by saving everything but the squeal."

Says Frank J. Hallauer: "The wood industries are going to get the pork packer's money; they are going to save everything, including the bark."

And it is to teach the wood industry how to do this that Mr. Hallauer has been working for six years.

of a little-known branch of government, the forest products laboratory, situated at Madison, Wis., Mr. Hallauer and his associates, hope to teach this country how to save two billions of dollars annually.

He is confident that it can be done, that is, that the annual cut of wood, now valued at two billions, can be made into articles of use which at present prices would bring double that amount.

It is a man-size job, but the confident engineer points proudly to unbelievably vast economies already effected in the wood trades through the work of the forest products laboratory's chemists.

They are in such terms that it would be hard to tabulate the exact savings, but there is little doubt that they run over \$100,000,000 a year.

Few persons outside the wood trades know of the laboratory, the first of its kind ever to be established, but which has been included in a number of counties since it began operation. Its annual appropriation is small for the work it does; something less than \$200,000.

The laboratory is now looking out to save the paper situation of the country, and it cheerfully tackles the job. Only recently announcement was made in Washington that the laboratory had discovered that good grades of paper can be made from a number of the Western woods and that Wisconsin paper mills were already making thousands of good chips from the West for paper mills.

The cost of freight to Wisconsin is more than offset by the cheapness of the chips, and the paper thus made is expected to prove a considerable factor in relieving the paper famine.

A visitor who leaves Mr. Hallauer can scarcely believe that there is anything which cannot be made from wood.

"How about the old story that the Germans have discovered a food they can make from wood which they are feeding to Russian prisoners?" was the first question asked.

"Almost surely not true," he said. "The human stomach cannot stand it. It is possible to convert sawdust into cattle food, and that was probably the foundation for the story."

But Germany from her forests is obtaining such good results that it is an English writer recently suggested impractically, England were to destroy Germany's forests, the war would surely end very soon. Artificial cotton is one of the things which are being supplied from wood. Paper shirts are also being used, but then Japan is supplying these to the Russian soldiers.

Germany has been driven to extreme use of her forests by necessity, but no country with the exception of Germany has made such a systematic effort at developing forest products as the United States.

Chemicals for the manufacture of black gunpowders is being obtained from dogwood, willow and alder. Great quantities of alcohol and ether are made from imported molasses, but if we were cut off from this raw material we could depend upon the forests. Alcohol could also be made from grain, but to war times grain would be required for food. It is estimated that during the present year 40,000,000 gallons of denatured alcohol will be used at home, while huge quantities are being exported.

The use of wood for gunstocks is generally familiar. Our supply of seasoned black walnut, the most suitable wood for the purpose, has been entirely exhausted by the heavy demands of Europe. Therefore the practice has been to let gunstock material air season for months before it would be worked up. Time became so important that artificial seasoning was resorted to, but improper methods destroyed too much of the material.

The forest products laboratory has now perfected dry kilns which overcome the trouble, and as a further aid is perfecting methods of using other woods, notably birch, for gun stock. Then there is the near relative of the gun stock, the wooden leg, making heavy demands for willow. Millions of feet of lumber and heavy timbers are required in war times for structural purposes, such as the erection of docks, bridges, trenches and temporary shelters.

Disinfectants are now a necessity. They can be made from wood. Pure wood alcohol is the only substance that can be converted into formaldehyde, universally used for disinfection against such contagious diseases as smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria and tuberculosis. It is also used to prevent crop diseases by disinfecting the seeds.

But the importance of forest products for war supplies in no way compares with their importance for industries. The largest of these are the lumber, pulp, and paper, naval stores and distillation industries. They employ more than



IMPROVED METHOD OF COLLECTING OLDFOREST

1. The products are valued at \$2,000,000,000 annually.

The most promising and novel developments in the line of by-products from wood are in the nature of chemical utilization. It might be said that the chemists of the forest products laboratory have put the prod to forest products. The lumber industry draws upon the forests for many times as much material as do all the other industries, and only about one-third of the tree cut for lumber is actually put on the market in that shape.

Right here is more than enough waste, although not often in the right form or readily available, to supply raw material for all the other industries. The problem now becomes one of adopting means of utilization to suit the conditions. Years ago wood ashes were leached for home soap-making, to furnish potash. The practice disappeared. It is now being revived as a source of potash to offset the shortage of fertilizer due to the war.

In the Red River valley of Texas the Indians used to use orange for dyeing, but that wood never gained commercial recognition as a dyewood. Within the last year, however, we have succeeded in getting it into the market as a substitute for fast dye, which we import from Japan and Germany, and more than \$1,000,000 worth of these dyes is now being made by American manufacturers.

The forest products laboratory has just completed an analysis of the oils which can be obtained from the needles or leaves of all the coniferous trees of the country. From a number of species the oils obtained have very attractive odors; other oils can be used in greases and shoe blackings. In Europe the finer needle oils are used as perfumes in soaps; others are used for inhalations for lung diseases.

It has been working on the production of alcohol from wood for five years. It has succeeded in

## WOOD DISTILLATION LABORATORY

lowering the cost of production and raised the yield to such a point that the introduction of this alcohol as a motor fuel seems likely, particularly with gasoline going up as it has been. As Mr. Hallauer said, "What chance has prohibition when a man can take a tipple and get drunk on a fence rail or defile the logs of the kitchen table?"

Western larch has an unusually high percentage of gallic acid, which it is believed can be converted into a fermentable sugar for use in making grain alcohol. This same gallic acid in oxidation yields large quantities of acetic acid, and acetic acid can take the place of tartaric acid in the manufacture of baking powder. A number of lumbermen recently visited the laboratory and one of the chemists made baking powder from wood, and his wife made bread with it. Another advance in the preparation of a fine acetate from gallic acid, a sugar derived from gallic acid. So if the people of Montana, the home of the Western larch, get land pressed they can make their duckpicks with larch baking powder, bake them over a stove heated with larch alcohol and sweeten them with larch syrup.

Converting cellulose obtained from wood into a gelatinous material known as a viscose opens up another field for research and adds a new line of products running all the way from sausage casings to tapestry. Five million dollars worth of silk socks sold last year got their silk from wood. It did many silk neckties and tancy blouses. The silk worm will have little control over silk market conditions.

Kraft paper is made from sulphate pulp, and the method of making it came to this country from Sweden ten years ago. Kraft is much stronger than other papers. It is brown, like what we usually think of as wrapping paper. Large quantities of it are used for that purpose and, in particular, suitable for large envelopes. Kraft is used for book covers, for imitation leather and for railroad sleepers. An attempt is being made to produce a paper which will replace the binder twines now made from imported fibers. This question has become more active because of the conditions of the war. A special paper substitute would provide for the utilization of a large amount of wood waste and at the same time build up a home industry independent of foreign raw materials.

The problems put up to the laboratory to solve are many and complex. One man in the frog business was suffering heavy losses from the death of his tadpoles. He asked the laboratory to find out if there was anything in the wood which when washed out poisoned the tadpoles.

The government chemists undertook to study the matter. They could not locate the trouble, so it was put up to the section of timber tests. After a few experiments it was found that the resonant cracking of the large frogs produced vibrations in the boards of the tanks. The vibrations were transmitted through the water to the ganglia of the tadpoles (they have no brains), causing a disease somewhat akin to infantile paralysis.

The remedy was simple. The man was advised to separate his tadpoles from his large frogs, thus confining the vibrations to the older generations. This was done and the mortality among the tadpoles decreased wonderfully.

## SPY ON FRENCH CHILDREN.

One of the most interesting examples of how specialized spy work is shown by the way Germany has her secret service organized in the conquered portions of Belgium and northern France. German officers have found by experience that the men and women who are left in little talking outside of selected groups where they know everything can be trusted. But, often, the invaders learned these citizens forgot themselves when they are talking before their children. So Germany sent experienced schoolteachers, men and women who understood child psychology and who could speak French, to the occupied cities and towns to open French schools. When it is possible the teachers win the good will of the children, and through the innocent boys and girls learn what the parents are thinking and talking about.

—Charles W. Arckerman in the Saturday Evening Post.

## Summer Discussion.

"What's the summer clothes you all is wearin'?" Inquired Mr. Ernestus Pinkley.

"Dat's Plumb Beach suit."

"Plumb beach! Hebbos 'tis. But it looks mo' like Coney Island to me."

## Making the Useless Useful.

Cholly—Er, I say, Miss Ethel, I—er—hem—Ethel—Oh, do you. Then I'll set you to work hemming sheets for the soldiers.—Boston Evening Transcript

## Sarcastic.

"George knows human nature all right." "Why?" "Yesterday he said to me: 'Has your wife planned your vacation yet?'"

## AIRPLANE COMPASSES.

Of the thousands of inventions relating to the war which have been filed in the patent offices of the United States and the countries of the entente allies in the last three years many have been for compasses for airplanes. The points aimed at particularly have been the elimination of errors that result from tilting and banking. The problems are complex and have been studied for years, as the troubles worried users of compasses long before airplanes came into the world.

The military value of a perfect compass for an airplane would be great. With such an invention flights on cloudy night would be comparatively safe and aviators could reach predetermined objectives without much regard to land bearings. At present, when he cannot see land or anything else, the aviator practically has to feel his way in a large extent.

## His Wife's Little Cheat.

"I'm glad you're over the draft age." "Why?" "Think how humiliated I should be to have to admit that I was dependent on your stinky salary every week for my living."—Detroit Free Press.

## Sure Way.

"What is a good way to get rid of angle worms in a garden?" "The best way I know is to plan a fishing trip. There won't be a worm there when you go to look for them."

## New Reading.

"The old proverb says uncanny lies the head that wears a crown." "Yes, because it can't find a good way to cover the lies up."

## PLANES WILL BE READY IN TIME

RUMORS OF DELAY IN TURNING OUT AMERICA'S AIRCRAFT ARE UNFOUNDED.

## ENOUGH SPRUCE IN SIGHT

Machines Can Be Built in Many Factories and Will Be Done in Time for the Wonderful Liberty Motors to Be Installed.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington—Washington for a day or two has been troubled with rumors to the effect that while the United States will have the best flying machine engines ever built, and these in quick order the whir of their machinery will not be heard over the heads of the Germans until twice a twelve-month has gone by.

There is delay enough in a score of branches of the government departments in all that pertains to war work, but the people probably can reassure themselves on the flying machine matter. We will have battle planes and plenty of them flying in Europe with their first dropping cargoes of high explosives before the next crop of blood-red equinoxes springs in the fields of France.

Secretary of War Baker came pretty close to putting himself in the class of the evildoer when he signed his 1,500 word statement today that the new aircraft motor will be ready in time. It appears that while the exuberance of the secretary may not have been in keeping with the ordinary conventions of secretarial life, it perhaps was justified from the human nature point of view.

## Battle Planes Will Be Ready.

After Mr. Baker had told the country that the greatest thing that ever happened in the way of a motor had been purchased, there came the story that the motors were all very well, but that there would be precious little use for them because there would be no airplanes in which to install them until many a weary month had gone into time's discard.

Congress and those members of the administration who are not "infinitely in on things" looked blue for a day, but the unexpected face of an aviator after a gliding ride in the upper air. Now it can be said that as soon as the motors are turned out, which will not be long, there will be battle planes to carry them and to be propelled by them. All of which is exceedingly cheerful news to a capital which has been hearing that only a half dozen submarine chasers have been turned out that none of the new destroyers will be ready for eight months, that bad ammunition is being made at the annual rate, and that neither steel nor wooden ships for commerce hauling will be ready until the waters of earth have several seasons' chances to freeze.

Some time ago in these dispatches it was said that the government was experiencing difficulty in securing a supply of proper spruce from which to make the framework of the airplanes. Friends of the enemy have been busy in spiking the forests of the spruce lands, and a decided change to timber already cut, but of course not even enemy agents inspired with the hate of all things American can ruin the entire spruce crop of the United States overnight.

## Plenty of Spruce.

Now it is said that the spruce is in sight and to this cheerful bit of information is added a word that it does not take long to build an airplane and that they can be built not only in automobile factories, of which we have perhaps some scores of hundreds, but in furniture factories and even in the corner shops of every day city and country acquaintance.

So today it seems to come down to a situation which promises a plentiful supply of airplanes within fairly short order with motors to run them and with a fair prospect that they can make themselves felt from their vantage points above the head of the enemy before the next cold season has been melted by the breath of a genial spring.

## Many Wish To Be Aviators.

At army headquarters in Washington there have been from time to time expressions of surprise, pleased surprise, at the great numbers of young Americans who have expressed a willingness to enter the aviation service.

It requires the possession of a certain temperament to make a successful aviator and the army examiners are determined that only the men who are fit shall enter the service, and in this can be found a good reason, where there is gratification because of the great numbers of young men who are showing a desire to become battle plane fliers and fighters.

Within a day or two there has been received from France an account of the first experience in battle of an American aviator, Charles J. Trinkel, permission to publish the account of this young American's first encounter in the air with the German enemy was given by the censor and even the name of the town in which the encounter took place was allowed to be printed.

It is probable that from the already widely printed story of the initial combat of this young fellow other American aviators, men who have sent later to France to meet the enemy will get to know the feeling that a man has when first fighting thousands of feet above the earth and an inspiration

for like conduct when face in face with death.

Air Service Attracts Them.

Army officers have noted one curious thing. Every time that there is printed a detailed account of a particularly interesting flight above the front in France, the number of Americans who aspire to service in the aviation corps increases. There is a lure about the air service which moves people perhaps all that is hard to understand, but it exists and there is seemingly no room left for doubt that America can secure as many volunteers as it wishes for the literally high service of fighting in flying machines.

It is not permitted to tell, even if one should happen to know, how many aviators America already has sent to France, but it can be said that already some of Uncle Sam's nephews who have not been connected with the French aviation service, as some of their fellow countrymen have already being trained to undergo their first flight of battle. It is a real ordeal and the fact that it is known to be such makes the Washington officials particularly gratified that so many young Americans seem to prefer a branch of the service in which they are to give battle "with no foundation of earth under their feet."

Statistics of casualties compiled by the French and British governments go to show that the aviation corps is not the most dangerous branch of the service. It is understood that more infantrymen and engineers are killed or wounded than aviators, with of course due regard to the difference in numbers of men in the three branches of the service.

## Neutral Diplomats Uneasy.

Ambassadors and ministers accredited to Washington by neutral countries are having unpleasant days of it. The recent disclosures of correspondence from Germany by neutral diplomats have had their effect in this city. Every representative of a neutral country here feels that he is not, under suspicion, whether he is or not, and the whole thing makes for discomfort.

It is probably hard for persons living away from the sphere of Washington to understand thoroughly just what it means to have suspicion stalking through the streets and sitting at some of the dinner boards in a wartime capital. Washington essentially is a social place and as its society largely is of the official kind, the suspected and the suspicious must meet if not daily at least weekly in a social way.

## It Would Be Altogether Wrong to Say.

It is certain that the state department is keeping the neutral diplomats of any acts which would violate their obligations to America as a hostess country, but the feeling elsewhere throughout the city is one of suspicion, and this feeling cannot well be dissipated. It is known that the state department keeps a searching eye out for diplomats' violations of neutrality.

## Makes Them Uncomfortable.

It is easy enough to see, therefore, how uncomfortable some of the diplomats representing neutral countries must be in these hours. It should be taken for granted that none of them is guilty of having done anything which has been proved one way or the other to be in violation of their obligations to America. It is only a matter of time, however, before some of them are called to account here and there, just so long as the feeling of suspicion even of the innocent will be kept alive.

## The Hardest Experiences Which Fell.

to the lot of some of these neutral diplomats came when they are paying social calls, which in effect are calls of official duty, in the afternoon, or attending a dinner given by members of the residential society or by officials of the government living here temporarily.

## Since August, 1914, Washington.

official or residential hosts never have invited to the same gathering the diplomats from any two of the warring countries. Therefore there never was any danger that at an afternoon tea or at a dinner German ambassadors would meet the British ambassadors, or that the ambassadors from Austria would meet the ambassadors from Italy, or that any other awkward meetings of like kind would take place, meetings which have been the custom, however, to invite neutral diplomats to functions attended by representatives of the allied countries or the allies and the same countries, it is supposed that the representatives of all can meet and be cordial one to another.

## Today the difficulty lies in the fact.

that the representatives of one neutral country in other lands have been shown to have been dealing with the enemies in a diplomatic way. When the mission of a neutral country in Argentina consented to do something for Germany that it ought not to have done, it hurt not only itself but its brother missions in every country in the world. The act of one man cast suspicion on the diplomatic lives of dozens of other men.

## Not Always Happy.

It is customary, but I think it is a mistake, to speak of "happy" childhood. Children are often overcast and acutely sensitive of his face; but when a man is at the mercy of those around them, Mr. Rurep, the great horse-tamer, has told us that he has known an angry word to raise the pulse of a horse ten beats a minute. Think, then, how it must affect a child.—Lord Avebury.

## ODDS AND ENDS

With a vaccine of his invention against hydrophobia an Italian scientist has saved about 90 per cent of his human patients and even has cured rabid dogs.

In the Giant Forest, which is a national forest of two miles in diameter, and is said by experts to be 4,000 years old. One of them, the largest in the world, has a circumference at its base of 209 feet and towers 270.5 feet into the air.

So that singers can use phonographs to play their accompaniments an attachment has been invented that displays the words of songs on a reel of paper as a record is being played.

A submerged oak forest covering several square miles, from which logs more than 100 feet in length have been taken, was discovered by Russian engineers while dredging a river.

A West Virginian has invented a touring type automobile from which the rear portion of the body can be raised and a truck body with a canopy extending over the front seat substituted.

## WAS IN HUNDRED SERIOUS MISHAPS

New York Daredevil Is Now Retired Member of the Police Force.

## RECORD DEATH DODGER

During Last Sixteen Months of Service He Was in Five Hospitals—Won Fame as Bicycle Rider.

New York—Charles M. Murphy, retired member of the New York police force, figured in five accidents during the last 16 months he was on duty, any one of which would have been sufficient to kill an ordinary man. He rounded out his active career as a patrolman while on his way to the office to turn in his badge by falling and fracturing his knee cap. Now he is a bit cautious to know just why all these misfortunes have befallen him and why he is alive to recount his experiences.

Murphy is little known as a police officer in the days of his youth, 20 or more years ago, he was the speediest bicycle rider in the world.

## First Mishap at Three Years.

When Murphy was three years of age a fire broke out in the Murphy home in Brooklyn. In a panic rush to call for assistance, his mother dropped Charles in the flames. He was scorched, no more. At ten he was rendered unconscious while coasting. When Murphy was eleven the family horse was killed in a runaway and the family scattered about the street. Charles suffered only scratches. At fourteen he crashed into an iron post while running from the "cops" and was rendered unconscious. When he was sixteen Murphy was driving a spirited horse that ran away at the sound of a fire alarm. He was dragged 50 yards and was shaken up.

During that same year an engineer was stunned by a stone thrown by a boy. Murphy raced the engine, mounted the cabin and shut off the throttle. When twenty he came near drowning while leaving his ship in the Brazilian harbor of Bahia. His twenty-year-old

## Another Case of Exemption.

One of the registrars in a Virginia country district tells a story of a negro man, obviously within the prescribed ages and of powerful physique, who turned up on registration day. The registrar had a good deal of difficulty in making the applicant understand the questions.

"Do you claim exemption?" he asked.

"What's dat, suh?"

"Is there any reason why you should not render military service—why you should not fight your country's battles?"

"Oh, yess, suh," replied the applicant, much enlightened. "Ise gunshy."

## PETERSON'S OINTMENT

BEST FOR ECZEMA

First Application Stops Itching of Eczema, Salt Rheum and Piles.

"Live and let live is my motto," says Peterson. "I suggest all over America that you use Peterson's Ointment for 25 cents a large box and I say to these druggists, if anyone buys my ointment for any of the diseases or ailments for which I recommend it and are not benefited give them their money back."

"I've got a full list of thankful letters testifying to the mighty healing power of Peterson's Ointment for old and running sores, eczema, salt rheum, ulcers, sore nipples, broken breasts, itching scalp and skin, dandruff, bleeding and itching piles."

John Scott, 283 Virginia St., Buffalo, writes, "Peterson's Ointment simply won't quit. It cured me of eczema and also piles, and did it so quickly that I was astonished." Adv.

## What He Learned.

Gerald was much depressed on bringing his monthly report card home from school at being scolded severely by his parents because it showed his department had only been 80 per cent out of a possible 100, and thinking she had punished him enough the mother, to cheer him, asked:

"Well, what did you learn this month in school, Gerald? Something nice, I suppose?"

"Didn't learn nothing," he pouted.

"Oh, you surely must have learned something," the mother insisted.

"Well, nothing, only just how to be good," he conceded. —Indianapolis News.

## Not a Lame One.

"They're got all sorts of modern improvements down to the place where the words 'Lame' and 'excuse' stand on and don't have to walk upstairs."

"Why, down at our Tom's place they've got a rheumatic tub."

## Cause of His Activity.

"That fellow Rastus Hambone seems to hunt for work with great pertinacity."

"I was surprised myself at his perseverance until I found he wanted it for his wife."

## Limited Gradecore.

"Don't believe any news you hear except when given out officially."

"Yes. And if it's given out by Germany you can't even believe that."

## Gives Library as Memorial.

Medford, Mass., has dedicated a new library, gift of a private citizen, as memorial to his wife.

## Those Anxious Mothers.

Great Lakes, Ill.—Anxious mothers are making a great deal of work for officers at the Great Lakes Naval Training station, and many of their letters indicate that the writers are getting to have the surprise of their lives when "Jackie" comes marching home again.

Saying she is fearful lest her "darling boy" be shot during his enlistment in the navy, a mother in southern Illinois has written Commandant William A. Moffett for permission to accompany him to ward of danger.

Another mother in far-off Texas has written, suggesting that her son be allowed to send his dearest clothing to a laundry.

## Uniformed High School Girls.

Waukegan, Ill.—Plain dressing and high thinking will be the rule in the high schools this year in Waukegan. It has been decreed that girls attending the public high schools must wear a uniform or mildly blousy skirt, a cotton skirt or blouse. The idea is according to the sense from the poorer homes encouraging girls to minimize snobbishness to attend school, to minimize the minds of and upon their studies rather than upon rivalry in dress.

## Daily Thought.

God is love. Therefore love. Without distinction, without calculation, without procrastination, love. Love it upon the poor, where it is very easy; especially upon the rich, who often need it more than the poor. Love it equally where it is very difficult, and for whom perhaps we do not love it.—E. Drummond.

## Daily Thought.

Do not have your house round with talents and pictures, but with the beauty of temperance.—Epictetus.

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tory hopes to bring about  
a saving of two billion dollars  
a year—it's a rather neat saving!

But the importance of these supplies in no way compares with their importance for industries. The largest of these are the lumber, pulp, and paper, naval stores and distillation industries. They employ more than

**PRETTY LEGEND OF NIAGARA**

Poetic Indian Fable That Accounts for  
the Creation of the Famous  
American Falls.

"Come, Clu! (The names of the four lakes—Superior, Michigan, Huron and St. Clair.) Let us go to the sea, where the foaming waves are breaking over the rocks!" So they left their

At last they came  
ragged rocks and  
and Er, "what a  
we have come so  
on, of our father  
come, Su! Come  
as the five play in the waterfall

the rear portion of the body removed and a truck body with canopy extending over the front substituted.

**Daily Thought.**  
Do not hang your house round  
tablets and pictures, but with  
beauty of temperance.—Epictetus.

According to the season. The idea is to encourage girls from the poorer homes to attend school, to minimize snobbery and to concentrate the minds of girls upon their studies rather than upon rivalry in dress.

**Grape Nuts**  
A Complete Made of Wheat,  
Barley, Oats and Taro.  
Produced by  
Puritan Cereal Company  
INCORPORATED







# REDUCE COST OF POULTRY FEED

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 3.—If the American poultry supply is not to be depleted next year, farmers must refrain from disposing of their stock this fall.

Immediate action, to prevent unnecessary loss of poultry because of high market prices and high cost of feed is necessary, according to Grant M. Curtis, Chicago, who was one of the chief speakers at the recent convention of the American Poultry Association here.

The convention requested Herbert Hoover to take some immediate action to reduce the cost of poultry feeds. This, chicken men say, is necessary if the supply of poultry is to be normal next year.

Now is the time, breeders say, to make careful selections of a stock for feeding during the winter and spring breeding. It pointed out that mar-

ket prices for eggs will guarantee breeders adequate returns for feeding good stock through the winter under normal conditions.

Efficiency is the watchword of the poultry raisers and this applies to the house.

"A hen that won't lay more than 60 eggs a year isn't worth keeping," said V. J. Lick, a prominent eastern breeder. "The efficient poultry man will weed out of his flocks all hens that will not average 200 eggs a year."

The Women of Korea

In Korea women occupy a place in society which has no parallel elsewhere in the Orient. They are both better and worse off than in China or India or Japan—better off because there are more fields open to them, worse because they are overworked, often ill-treated, and until recently were actually enslaved.

# WISCONSIN GRAIN WINS THE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP PRIZE

The high bred and improved grain and farm products of Wisconsin have again shown their superiority to all others at the international soil products exposition held at Peoria, Illinois.

As a result Wisconsin, for the tenth successive time, won the world's championship on barley, competing with the best barley sections of the United States and Canada. The winning sample was exhibited by William Bell of Arlington.

Wisconsin won first on spring and winter wheat in competition with the great wheat states of the west. This is a reminder that Wisconsin once led in wheat, and indicates what it can do when it again places emphasis on this crop. The samples submitted were presented by H. E. Krueger of Beaver Dam.

The fact that Wisconsin is one of the two greatest potato states in the Union, and probably first in quality, is also a fact that should be recognized by five first and three second prizes in six leading varieties in world's competition. Samples were submitted by F. S. Campbell of Tomahawk and H. L. Brooks of Tomahawk.

Wisconsin won first on clover seed, field peas, blue-joint, second on the only sweet clover, orchard grass and Durum wheat.

Wisconsin won the \$75 prize for the best display from an individual farm, from the farm of H. E. Krueger of Beaver Dam.

The Wisconsin exhibit was in charge of B. G. Packer, director of immigration, Wisconsin department of agriculture, assisted by H. E. Krueger.

A splendid display was presented along lines of general live stock and dairying.

Special emphasis was placed upon the Wisconsin sheep industry, and great opportunities of sheep in upper Wisconsin. This exhibit formed an excellent opportunity for favorable comparison between the well watered regions of Wisconsin, the Central States and Western plains.

In this intensive agriculture lies the supremacy of Wisconsin.

# PRIZES AWARDED AT THE FARM EXHIBIT

Following the exhibit of farm products made in the basement of the Johnson & Hill store last week, those having the best produce were awarded prizes, and a list of the following list will show that some of the exhibitors carried away with them a pretty good bunch of money, leaving the prizes that were awarded:

New York Rural Potatoes

1st prize, Mrs. D. E. Davis, Sherry, 2nd prize, W. H. Rogers, Vander, R. D. 1, 3rd prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3.

Straw Beans

1st prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3.

Early Potatoes

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

Golden Wonder Potatoes

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

Green Mountain Potatoes

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

Other Varieties

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

Straw Beans

1st prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Huser Brothers, R. F. D. 3.

Early Potatoes

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

Golden Wonder Potatoes

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

Green Mountain Potatoes

1st prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 2nd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3, 3rd prize, Theo. Pilsner, R. F. D. 3.

# PILING MANURE KILLS QUACK GRASS SEED

Where hay containing seeds of various kinds is fed to livestock, it is a very easy matter to have barnyard manure become badly infested with weed seeds.

That there is a real danger of getting land infested with quack grass through the manure has been recognized by many farmers, but too often only after bitter experience. One coming winter writes that they can not get rid of the manure because they get more or less weed seeds in their hay bought from all over the country. Neither they nor neighboring farmers want to use the manure on their land for fear of spreading quack grass on it. Nor does the average man like to fertilize his fields with manure from city livery stables or such other places.

This danger can be overcome by keeping the manure in piles 6 to 8

# WHEAT SAVERS WANT WISCONSIN RECIPES

That the people of the country are eager to avail themselves of reliable information which may help them to save the wheat supply by substituting other cereals, is well shown by the wide demands for the circular, "Twelve Ways to Use Barley," published by the college of agriculture, University of Wisconsin.

Letters asking for copies of this circular have been received from residents of nearly 30 different states, as well as from Canada and England.

The pamphlet contains some helpful recipes on the making of bread, muffins, scones, spiced cakes, puddings, breakfast food and broth from barley meal and flour. As to the food value of barley it is said to contain about as much tissue-building material as hard wheat, and furnishes comparable quantities of heat-giving and bone-building ingredients.

# DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTMAN & CO. CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. J. J. ROBB  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
Diseases Fitted

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD  
Surgery

DR. W. E. LEAPHER  
Obstetrics, Diseases of Women  
Heart and Lungs

DR. R. L. COWLES  
Diseases of Children  
Skin, Kidneys and Bladder

DR. W. H. BARTMAN  
Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines

E. WHITE  
X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories

DR. GODDARD will be at the HOTEL WITTER on Thursday, Oct. 25th. Consultation is Free. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

# THE TRUTH--and the PROOF

"WORDS AND PROMISES ARE ONLY GOOD WHEN BACKED UP BY DEEDS"

This axiom is just as true today as it was when Socrates uttered it hundreds of years ago.

And I attribute my success as a specialist principally to the fact that I never attempt to treat cases that are incurable, and second, that I back up my claims by absolute proof.

HERE IS THE PROOF: Do You Believe Them?

WRITE TO THEM AND SATISFY YOURSELF. Such Proof can not be manufactured or imitated.

# CURED OF APPENDICITIS

Black Creek, Wis., 2-17-13.

Dear Doctor:

It is with pleasure that I write you to say that after treating with you I am completely cured of Chronic Appendicitis and Gall Stones.

I weigh 13 pounds more than I did when I started treatment. I have no pain in my stomach. I have no more attacks. I am as well as ever. I am very truly yours,

MISS MARTHA SCHINK.

R. F. D. No. 33, Box 1, Black Creek, Wis.

# CURE OF RUPTURE

Beaver Dam, Wis., Nov. 25, 13.

Dear Sir:

I am pleased to say that Dr. N. A. Goddard's treatment has been entirely satisfactory. I consider myself cured of my rupture and before writing you I had no more pain. I have never seen a worse case and have never seen a better result. I have never seen a worse case and have never seen a better result. I have never seen a worse case and have never seen a better result.

Very truly yours,

C. A. STARKWEATHER.

Beaver Dam, Wis.

# TOWN AND SCHOOL ORDER BOOKS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

October 11. October 25.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL SETTLEMENT

Wood County Court--In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Herman Hill, deceased.

On reading and filing the application of Herman Hill, executor of the last will and testament of Herman Hill, representing among other things that she has fully administered the said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing her account and for the distribution of the residue of the said estate be assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is ordered, That said application be heard before this court at a special term thereof to be held at the probate office in the County of Wood, Wisconsin, on the 11th day of November, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place of examining and allowing said account and of assigning the residue of the said estate be given to all persons interested, by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in said county, before the day fixed for the hearing of said application.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1917.

By the Court,

W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

Chas. E. Brice, Attorney for Estate.

# SEND FOR MY FREE BOOK

If you cannot call, a postal will bring my free book, "Modern Methods of Treating Chronic Diseases Without Operation."

# REMEMBER

I never accept any innumerable cases; I give a written guarantee of service in those cases that I do accept. My charges are in reach of all. Everything strictly confidential.

I visit Grand Rapids every four weeks and I will be at Hotel Witter at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Thursday, October 25th.

Hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. CONSULTATION FREE

# DR. GODDARD

Milwaukee Specialist

131 WISCONSIN STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

# Fair List Prices Fair Treatment

# The Sun Never Sets on Wisconsin Motorcycles

FOR your state, which leads in the production of motorcycles and automobile parts, furnishes them to every clime and every country.

The sun never sets on Goodrich tires; for wherever motorcycles and automobiles go, Goodrich tires go with them.

They are known the world 'round, as the standard and pattern tires.

# GOODRICH BLACK SAFETY TREADS

are the tires delivered to you out of the nation-wide testing of Goodrich Test Car Fleets.

They give you the Tested, proven BEST in Tires; Goodrich's Black Tread Rubber; Goodrich's Close-Clutch, Cross-Barred Pattern—a real non-skid; and Goodrich's Unit-Mold, Unbroken Cure tire body.

You buy tried merit in "America's Tested Tires."

# THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY

THE CITY OF GOODRICH, AKRON, OHIO

Makers also of the Famous Silvertown Cord Tires

"Best in the Long Run"

# TRYING TO SAVE COST

The State Council of Defense is making an effort to have the people of Wisconsin pay cash for their merchandise and carry it home, thus reducing the cost to the merchant and incidentally reducing the price to the customer.

As yet the people have not taken kindly to the plan, notwithstanding the fact that it is a good one and it worked out all along the line would mean a great saving of money and conservation of labor.

It is a well known fact that it costs money to deliver goods, and the smaller the article the greater the cost in proportion to the value of the thing delivered. Merchants who have installed cost systems in their stores and kept track of all expenditures often find the money goes, state that the cost of delivering a small package is more than the actual value of the article bought.

While the one article does not have to bear the burden, it is divided up so that each article sold has a certain amount tacked onto it, and the result is that the price of merchandise is a certain per cent higher on account of this extra service that is asked of the merchant.

Some merchants have adopted the plan of giving a discount to the person who pays for their merchandise when they get it and carry it home.

Town and school order books for sale at this office.

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# THE NEWEST AND BEST IDEAS IN Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

# \$28.00 to \$10.00

Not only are the styles wonderful, vigorous, pleasing to see, but we have fabrics here the best we could get; that means the best to be had for clothes at these prices.

For young men, Suits are form fitting, plait back, belt back, military models, as well as conservative styles for older men. The most stylish fabrics and the highest standard tailoring.

# HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES

Have an established reputation for quality clothes that are safe to buy.

# Crockery Sale

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

9-piece Guernsey cooking set, brown and white, consisting of 1 covered casserole, 2 round nappies and 6 custard cups. Complete set . . . . .98c

\$1.35 mahogany smoking stands, glass liner, very neat, only . . . . .98c

15c Guernsey brown and white bowls . . . . .9c

15c glass water sets, 1 pitcher and 6 glasses per set. \$1.00

Good assortment of picture frames. During this sale we will frame all pictures free.

30-piece glassware assortment, every piece a useful piece. You cannot get along without these pieces. This set consists of one 7-piece water set, one 7-piece berry set, one 4-piece table set, 6 goblets, 1 mayonnaise dish, 1 mayonnaise plate, 1 jelly dish, 1 vinegar bottle, 1 footed covered dish and celery tray. This complete set only . . . . .\$2.50

10c glass creamers . . . . .7c

10c fancy handles Japanese baskets . . . . .7c

25c flower hanging baskets, brown red and green . . . . .18c

Watch our ads and save time and money in buying

# JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

# Preparing for a Big Dog

A nouveau riche who was noted for his misanthropy of the King's English is quoted by an exchange as stating that the best of the kennels for his new country place in this world: "It's just throwing money into the fire. We've got an animal on the place worth \$2; but the way you can't get a dog out of the kennel anyone would think they expected them to be occupied by the Dog of Venice himself!"

# Women's Wool Sweater Coats

Come to the Call of Crisp October Days

If a woman has a really satisfactory sweater coat, one of the most important items of her out-of-door wardrobe is settled.

How fully and well these sections understand this can be noted by this

Presentation of New Styles

Ranging in Price from \$1.50 to \$10.00

# Women's Suits

TRIMMED SUITS Smart Models \$45.00

Velour cloth of superior quality in taupe, brown, Concord, beetroot, green and navy. Coats warmly interlined and silk lined are effectively trimmed with fashionable furs.

# A COLLECTION OF HIGH CLASS TAILOR-MADE SUITS

\$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$32.50, \$37.50 to \$60.00

Tailors of the most fashionable types, in Silver-tone, Velour Cloths, Evora, Bolivia, Velvets in the rich autumn colorings. Models are luxuriously trimmed with Hudson Seal (sued muskrat), others strictly tailored without fur. A specially comprehensive assortment—exceptional values at these prices.

Suits \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$32.50

At those popular prices—strictly tailored suits; in Velour cloths, Burella Velours, Oxfords, Broadcloth.

# Silk Petticoats

Values so exceptionally excellent that every woman will wonder how Petticoats of such style and quality can be sold at such attractively low prices.

# TAFFETA SILK PETTICOATS

changeable, plain colors and black, in models with deep flounces, tucked and ruffled, \$3.75, \$5.00, \$6.50.

# Men's Work Shoes for Hard Service

With the coming of wet, slushy fall weather, it naturally becomes necessary to be well shod—and it requires a good solid shoe to stand the strain for out-door service.

We believe we can give you the best values that money will buy in Footwear that will stand the strain.

16-inch top brown blucher, made of exceptionally high grade leather with Alamo Oak double soles, for dragging or other hard wet wear . . . \$9.50

Same in 10-in. top . . . \$5.50

Same in 8-in. top . . . \$5.00

Same in 6-in. top . . . \$4.00

6-in. Nirkrome blucher in black or tan (like illustration) especially tanned for barnyard use, absolutely all solid, good roomy lasts . . . \$3.50

Other good values at . . . \$3.00 and \$2.50

Also a complete line of Rubbers, Felt Shoes and Winter Necessities

# LET US FIT YOUR FEET

# Grocery Department

# MINCE MEAT SEASON IS NOW HERE

We will have a carload of bulk apples. They will be sold cheap; also a barrel of York State Cider and plenty of raisins. Make all the mince meat you can.

# HOW ABOUT APPLE BUTTER

It costs you less than 10c the pound to make it. Butter, Oleo and Syrup are high and may be higher.

# PEACHES IN BOXES

Received a lot of nice ones at \$1.09 per box.

# PEARS—ANOTHER LOT

In bulk, very nice ones, \$1.40 a bushel. Can fruits and vegetables. It helps to keep down the cost of living. It takes time and money but it pays, for it saves.

We have extra special prices for the farmer on bran and corn meal.

Bran, per hundred . . . . . \$1.75

Corn Meal, per hundred . . . . . \$3.75

Tobacco are going higher. You had better lay in a supply before another raise is made.

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changeable, plain colors and black, in models with deep flounces, tucked and ruffled, \$3.75, \$5.00, \$6.50.

# Men's Work Shoes for Hard Service

With the coming of wet, slushy fall weather, it naturally becomes necessary to be well shod—and it requires a good solid shoe to stand the strain for out-door service.

We believe we can give you the best values that money will buy in Footwear that will stand the strain.

16-inch top brown blucher, made of exceptionally high grade leather with Alamo Oak double soles, for dragging or other hard wet wear . . . \$9.50

Same in 10-in. top . . . \$5.50

Same in 8-in. top . . . \$5.00

Same in 6-in. top . . . \$4.00

6-in. Nirkrome blucher in black or tan (like illustration) especially tanned for barnyard use, absolutely all solid, good roomy lasts . . . \$3.50

Other good values at . . . \$3.00 and \$2.50

Also a complete line of Rubbers, Felt Shoes and Winter Necessities

# LET US FIT YOUR FEET

# Grocery Department

# MINCE MEAT SEASON IS NOW HERE

We will have a carload of bulk apples. They will be sold cheap; also a barrel of York State Cider and plenty of raisins. Make all the mince meat you can.

# HOW ABOUT APPLE BUTTER

It costs you less than 10c the pound to make it. Butter, Oleo and Syrup are high and may be higher.

# PEACHES IN BOXES

Received a lot of nice ones at \$1.09 per box.

# PEARS—ANOTHER LOT

In bulk, very nice ones, \$1.40 a bushel. Can fruits and vegetables. It helps to keep down the cost of living. It takes time and money but it pays, for it saves.

We have extra special prices for the farmer on bran and corn meal.

Bran, per hundred . . . . . \$1.75

Corn Meal, per hundred . . . . . \$3.75

Tobacco are going higher. You had better lay in a supply before another raise is made.